

beta Actin Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Mouse mAb Catalog # AP90038

## **Specification**

# beta Actin Mouse Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

ApplicationWBPrimary AccessionP60709ReactivityRat, RiceClonalityMonoclonalOther NamesACTIN; ACTB; BETA-ACTIN; beta actin; actin beta;

Isotype	Mouse IgG2b
Host	Mouse
Calculated MW	41737 Da

## beta Actin Mouse Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Dilution Purification Immunogen	WB~~1:1000 Affinity-chromatography A synthesized peptide derived from human
Description	beta Actin beta-Actin is one of six different actin isoforms that have been identified. The actin molecules found in cells of various species and tissues tend to be very similar in their immunological and physical properties. Therefore, Antibodies against beta-Actin are useful as loading controls for Western Blotting. However it should be noted that levels of beta-Actin may not be stable in certain cells. For example, expression of beta-Actin in adipose tissue is very low and therefore it should not be used as loading control for these tissues.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Mouse IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

# beta Actin Mouse Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name ACTB

#### **Function**

Actin is a highly conserved protein that polymerizes to produce filaments that form cross-linked networks in the cytoplasm of cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25255767">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25255767</a>



target="\_blank">25255767</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29581253" target="\_blank">29581253</a>). Actin exists in both monomeric (G-actin) and polymeric (F-actin) forms, both forms playing key functions, such as cell motility and contraction (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29581253" target="\_blank">29581253</a>). In addition to their role in the cytoplasmic cytoskeleton, G- and F- actin also localize in the nucleus, and regulate gene transcription and motility and repair of damaged DNA (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29925947" target="\_blank">29925947</a>). Plays a role in the assembly of the gamma-tubulin ring complex (gTuRC), which regulates the minus-end nucleation of alpha-beta tubulin heterodimers that grow into microtubule protafilaments (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/39321809" target="\_blank">39321809</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/39321809" target="\_blank">39321809</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38609661" target="\_blank">38609661</a>). Part of the ACTR1A/ACTB filament around which the dynactin complex is built (By similarity). The dynactin multiprotein complex activates the molecular motor dynein for ultra-processive transport along microtubules (By similarity).

## **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Nucleus Note=Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing untranslated mRNAs.

# beta Actin Mouse Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

## beta Actin Mouse Monoclonal Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of beta Actin expression in (1) Hela; (2)Human fetal kidney lysate; (3) 3T3 cell lysate; (4) PC-12 cell lysate; (5) COS-1 cell lysate; (6) Goat muscle lysate.