

GAPDH Antibody(HRP conjugated)

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP90055

Specification

GAPDH Antibody(HRP conjugated) - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession P04406
Reactivity Rat

Clonality Monoclonal

Other Names

aging-associated gene 9 protein; G3P; G3PD; GAPDH; glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate

dehydrogenase; Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase; MGC88685

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 36053 Da

GAPDH Antibody(HRP conjugated) - Additional Information

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

GAPDH(HRP conjugated)

Description Glyceraldehyde 3 phosphate

dehydrogenase (GAPDH) is well known as one of the key enzymes involved in

glycolysis. GAPDH is constitutively

abundant expressed in almost cell types at high levels, therefore antibodies against GAPDH are useful as loading controls for

Western Blotting.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline ,

pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

GAPDH Antibody(HRP conjugated) - Protein Information

Name GAPDH {ECO:0000303|PubMed:2987855, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:4141}

Function

Has both glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase and nitrosylase activities, thereby playing a role in glycolysis and nuclear functions, respectively (PubMed:11724794, PubMed:3170585).

Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase is a key enzyme in glycolysis that catalyzes the first

step of the pathway by converting D- glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate (G3P) into



3-phospho-D-glyceroyl phosphate (PubMed:11724794, PubMed:3170585). Modulates the organization and assembly of the cytoskeleton (By similarity). Facilitates the CHP1- dependent microtubule and membrane associations through its ability to stimulate the binding of CHP1 to microtubules (By similarity). Component of the GAIT (gamma interferon-activated inhibitor of translation) complex which mediates interferon-gamma-induced transcript-selective translation inhibition in inflammation processes (PubMed:23071094). Upon interferon-gamma treatment assembles into the GAIT complex which binds to stem loop-containing GAIT elements in the 3'-UTR of diverse inflammatory mRNAs (such as ceruplasmin) and suppresses their translation (PubMed:23071094). Also plays a role in innate immunity by promoting TNF-induced NF-kappa-B activation and type I interferon production, via interaction with TRAF2 and TRAF3, respectively (PubMed: 23332158, PubMed:27387501). Participates in nuclear events including transcription, RNA transport, DNA replication and apoptosis (By similarity). Nuclear functions are probably due to the nitrosylase activity that mediates cysteine S-nitrosylation of nuclear target proteins such as SIRT1, HDAC2 and PRKDC (By similarity).

Cellular Location

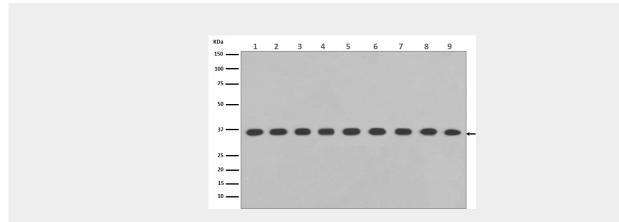
Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797}. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Membrane Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797} Note=Translocates to the nucleus following S-nitrosylation and interaction with SIAH1, which contains a nuclear localization signal (By similarity). Postnuclear and Perinuclear regions (PubMed:12829261) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12829261}

GAPDH Antibody(HRP conjugated) - Protocols

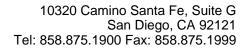
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

GAPDH Antibody(HRP conjugated) - Images



Western blot analysis of GAPDH expression in (1) Jurkat cell lysate; (2) A375 cell lysate; (3)





Human hippocampus lysate; (4) Human fetal liver lysate; (5) COS-1 cell lysate; (6) Raw264.7 cell lysate; (7) Mouse kidney lysate; (8) PC-12 cell lysate; (9) Rat brain lysate with GAPDH Antibody.