

**beta Catenin Antibody**  
**Rabbit mAb**  
**Catalog # AP90066**

## Specification

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### beta Catenin Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, ICC, IP
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P35222</a>
Reactivity	Rat
Clonality	Monoclonal
<b>Other Names</b>	
CATNB; CTNB1; CTNNB; catenin beta;	

Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	85497 Da

### beta Catenin Antibody - Additional Information

Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC~~1:100~500 ICC~~N/A IP~~N/A
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human beta Catenin
Description	Beta-catenin is an adherens junction protein. Adherens junctions (AJs; also called the zonula adherens) are critical for the establishment and maintenance of epithelial layers, such as those lining organ surfaces. AJs mediate adhesion between cells, communicate a signal that neighboring cells are present, and anchor the actin cytoskeleton. In serving these roles, AJs regulate normal cell growth and behavior.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

### beta Catenin Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** CTNNB1 ([HGNC:2514](#))

**Synonyms** CTNNB

## Function

Key downstream component of the canonical Wnt signaling pathway (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17524503" target="\_blank">17524503</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18077326" target="\_blank">18077326</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18086858" target="\_blank">18086858</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18957423" target="\_blank">18957423</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21262353" target="\_blank">21262353</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22155184" target="\_blank">22155184</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22647378" target="\_blank">22647378</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22699938" target="\_blank">22699938</a>). In the absence of Wnt, forms a complex with AXIN1, AXIN2, APC, CSNK1A1 and GSK3B that promotes phosphorylation on N- terminal Ser and Thr residues and ubiquitination of CTNNB1 via BTRC and its subsequent degradation by the proteasome (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17524503" target="\_blank">17524503</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18077326" target="\_blank">18077326</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18086858" target="\_blank">18086858</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18957423" target="\_blank">18957423</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21262353" target="\_blank">21262353</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22155184" target="\_blank">22155184</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22647378" target="\_blank">22647378</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22699938" target="\_blank">22699938</a>). In the presence of Wnt ligand, CTNNB1 is not ubiquitinated and accumulates in the nucleus, where it acts as a coactivator for transcription factors of the TCF/LEF family, leading to activate Wnt responsive genes (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17524503" target="\_blank">17524503</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18077326" target="\_blank">18077326</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18086858" target="\_blank">18086858</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18957423" target="\_blank">18957423</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21262353" target="\_blank">21262353</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22155184" target="\_blank">22155184</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22647378" target="\_blank">22647378</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22699938" target="\_blank">22699938</a>). Also acts as a coactivator for other transcription factors, such as NR5A2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22187462" target="\_blank">22187462</a>). Promotes epithelial to mesenchymal transition/mesenchymal to epithelial transition (EMT/MET) via driving transcription of CTNNB1/TCF-target genes (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29910125" target="\_blank">29910125</a>). Involved in the regulation of cell adhesion, as component of an E-cadherin:catenin adhesion complex (By similarity). Acts as a negative regulator of centrosome cohesion (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18086858" target="\_blank">18086858</a>). Involved in the CDK2/PTPN6/CTNNB1/CEACAM1 pathway of insulin internalization (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21262353" target="\_blank">21262353</a>). Blocks anoikis of malignant kidney and intestinal epithelial cells and promotes their anchorage-independent growth by down-regulating DAPK2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18957423" target="\_blank">18957423</a>). Disrupts PML function and PML- NB formation by inhibiting RANBP2-mediated sumoylation of PML (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22155184" target="\_blank">22155184</a>). Promotes neurogenesis by maintaining sympathetic neuroblasts within the cell cycle (By similarity). Involved in chondrocyte differentiation via interaction with SOX9: SOX9-binding competes with the binding sites of TCF/LEF within CTNNB1, thereby inhibiting the Wnt signaling (By similarity). Acts as a positive regulator of odontoblast differentiation during mesenchymal tooth germ formation, via promoting the transcription of differentiation factors such as LEF1, BMP2 and BMP4 (By similarity). Activity is repressed in a MSX1-mediated manner at the bell stage of mesenchymal tooth germ formation which prevents premature differentiation of odontoblasts (By similarity).

## Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:B6V8E6}. Cell junction, adherens junction Cell junction {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:B6V8E6}. Cell membrane. Cytoplasm,

cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Synapse {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q02248} Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium basal body {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q02248}. Note=Colocalized with RAPGEF2 and TJP1 at cell-cell contacts (By similarity). Cytoplasmic when it is un-stable (highly phosphorylated) or bound to CDH1. Translocates to the nucleus when it is stabilized (low level of phosphorylation). Interaction with GLIS2 and MUC1 promotes nuclear translocation. Interaction with EMD inhibits nuclear localization. The majority of CTNNB1 is localized to the cell membrane. In interphase, colocalizes with CROCC between CEP250 puncta at the proximal end of centrioles, and this localization is dependent on CROCC and CEP250. In mitosis, when NEK2 activity increases, it localizes to centrosomes at spindle poles independent of CROCC. Colocalizes with CDK5 in the cell-cell contacts and plasma membrane of undifferentiated and differentiated neuroblastoma cells Interaction with FAM53B promotes translocation to the nucleus (PubMed:25183871). Translocates to the nucleus in the presence of SNAIL1 (By similarity). Ca(2+)-mediated localization to the cell membrane in dental epithelial cells is inhibited via WNT3A (By similarity). Localizes to cell-cell contacts as keratinocyte differentiation progresses (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:B6V8E6, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q02248, ECO:0000269|PubMed:25183871}

### Tissue Location

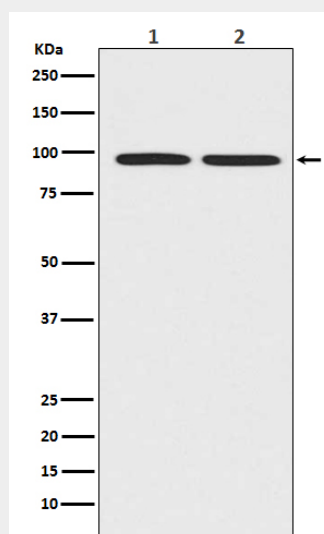
Expressed in several hair follicle cell types: basal and peripheral matrix cells, and cells of the outer and inner root sheaths. Expressed in colon. Present in cortical neurons (at protein level). Expressed in breast cancer tissues (at protein level) (PubMed:29367600).

### beta Catenin Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### beta Catenin Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of beta catenin expression in (1) A431 cell lysates; (2)PC-12 cell lysates.