

ENO1 Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP90166

## **Specification**

# **ENO1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Clonality <b>Other Names</b> ENO1;ENO1L1;MBP-1;MPB1;NNE;PPH;	WB, ICC, IP <u>P06733</u> Rat Monoclonal
lsotype Host Calculated MW	Rabbit IgG Rabbit 47169 Da
ENO1 Antibody - Additional Information	
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 ICC~~N/A IP~~N/A
Purification Immunogen	Affinity-chromatography A synthesized peptide derived from human ENO1
Description	Enolase is an important glycolytic enzyme involved in the interconversion of 2-phosphoglycerate to phosphoenolpyruvate. Mammalian enolase exists as three subunits: enolase-1 ( $\alpha$ -enolase), enolase-2 ( $\gamma$ -enolase) and enolase-3 ( $\beta$ -enolase) that can form both homo- and heterodimers. Expression of the enolase isoforms differs in a tissue specific manner.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

# **ENO1** Antibody - Protein Information

Name ENO1

Synonyms ENO1L1, MBPB1, MPB1

#### Function

Glycolytic enzyme the catalyzes the conversion of 2- phosphoglycerate to phosphoenolpyruvate



(PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1369209" target="\_blank">1369209</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29775581" target="\_blank">29775581</a>). In addition to glycolysis, involved in various processes such as growth control, hypoxia tolerance and allergic responses (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10802057" target="\_blank">10802057</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12666133" target="\_blank">12666133</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2005901" target="\_blank">2005901</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2005901" target="\_blank">2005901</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29775581" target="\_blank">29775581</a>). May also function in the intravascular and pericellular fibrinolytic system due to its ability to serve as a receptor and activator of plasminogen on the cell surface of several cell-types such as leukocytes and neurons (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12666133" target="\_blank">12666133</a>). Stimulates immunoglobulin production (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20775581" target="\_blank">12666133</a>). Stimulates immunoglobulin production (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20775581" target="\_blank">12666133</a>). Stimulates immunoglobulin production (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1369209" target="\_blank">12666133</a>). Stimulates

### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Cytoplasm, myofibril, sarcomere, M line. Note=Can translocate to the plasma membrane in either the homodimeric (alpha/alpha) or heterodimeric (alpha/gamma) form. ENO1 is localized to the M line

#### **Tissue Location**

The alpha/alpha homodimer is expressed in embryo and in most adult tissues. The alpha/beta heterodimer and the beta/beta homodimer are found in striated muscle, and the alpha/gamma heterodimer and the gamma/gamma homodimer in neurons

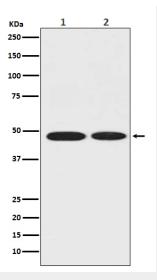
### **ENO1** Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

ENO1 Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of ENO1 in (1)MCF-7 whole cell lysate; (2)Rat brain tissue lysate.