

**Sumo 1 Antibody**  
**Rabbit mAb**  
**Catalog # AP90288****Specification**

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**Sumo 1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC, FC, ICC, IP
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P63165</a>
Reactivity	Rat
Clonality	Monoclonal
<b>Other Names</b>	
DAP-1; GMP1; OFC10; PIC1; SENP2; SMT3; SMT3C; SMT3H3; SUMO1;UBL1;	
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	11557 Da

**Sumo 1 Antibody - Additional Information**

Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human Sumo 1
Description	SUMO1 Ubiquitin-like protein which can be covalently attached to target lysines as a monomer. Does not seem to be involved in protein degradation and may function as an antagonist of ubiquitin in the degradation process. Plays a role in a number of cellular processes such as nuclear transport, DNA replication and repair, mitosis and signal transduction.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

**Sumo 1 Antibody - Protein Information****Name** SUMO1**Synonyms** SMT3C, SMT3H3, UBL1**Function**

Ubiquitin-like protein that can be covalently attached to proteins as a monomer or a lysine-linked polymer. Covalent attachment via an isopeptide bond to its substrates requires prior activation by the E1 complex SAE1-SAE2 and linkage to the E2 enzyme UBE2I, and can be promoted by E3 ligases such as PIAS1-4, RANBP2 or CBX4. This post- translational modification on lysine residues of proteins plays a crucial role in a number of cellular processes such as nuclear transport, DNA

replication and repair, mitosis and signal transduction. Involved for instance in targeting RANGAP1 to the nuclear pore complex protein RANBP2. Covalently attached to the voltage-gated potassium channel KCNB1; this modulates the gating characteristics of KCNB1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19223394" target="\_blank">19223394</a>). Polymeric SUMO1 chains are also susceptible to polyubiquitination which functions as a signal for proteasomal degradation of modified proteins. May also regulate a network of genes involved in palate development. Covalently attached to ZFH3 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24651376" target="\_blank">24651376</a>).

### Cellular Location

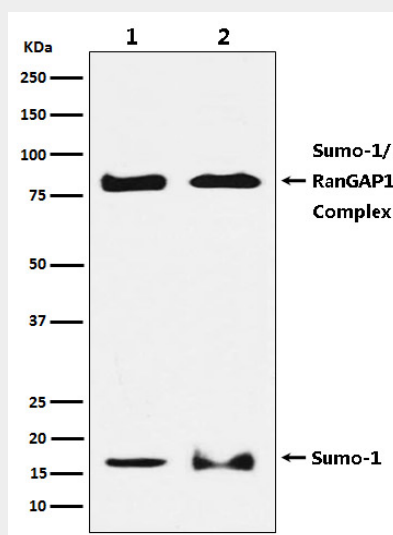
Nucleus membrane. Nucleus speckle {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63166}. Cytoplasm. Nucleus, PML body. Cell membrane. Nucleus. Note=Recruited by BCL11A into the nuclear body (By similarity). In the presence of ZFH3, sequestered to nuclear body (NB)-like dots in the nucleus some of which overlap or closely associate with PML body (PubMed:24651376) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63166, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24651376}

### Sumo 1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### Sumo 1 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of SUMO1 expression in (1) HeLa cell lysate; (2) NIH/3T3 cell lysate.