

# Rad21 Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP90350

# **Specification**

# **Rad21 Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, FC
Primary Accession O60216
Reactivity Rat

Clonality Monoclonal

**Other Names** 

hHR21; Nuclear matrix protein 1; NXP-1; SCC1 homolog; HR21; KIAA0078; NXP1; Rad21;

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 71690 Da

# **Rad21 Antibody - Additional Information**

Dilution WB~~1:1000

FC~~1:10~50
Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

Rad21

Description Rad21 is one of the major cohesin subunits

that holds sister chromatids together until anaphase, when proteolytic cleavage by separase, a caspaselike enzyme, allows chromosomal separation. Rad21 interacts with Rec8 to form a cohesin complex that functions in sister chromatid alignment. Rad21 is also involved in the repair of double-strand breaks in DNA and is essential for mitotic growth. Rad21 undergoes a C-terminal cleavage induced

by diverse stimuli right before apoptosis. Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

# Storage Condition and Buffer

### **Rad21 Antibody - Protein Information**

#### Name RAD21

# **Function**

[Double-strand-break repair protein rad21 homolog]: As a member of the cohesin complex, involved in sister chromatid cohesion from the time of DNA replication in S phase to their



segregation in mitosis, a function that is essential for proper chromosome segregation, post-replicative DNA repair, and the prevention of inappropriate recombination between repetitive regions (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11509732" target="\_blank">11509732</a>). The cohesin complex may also play a role in spindle pole assembly during mitosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11590136" target="\_blank">11590136</a> ). In interphase, cohesins may function in the control of gene expression by binding to numerous sites within the genome (By similarity). May control RUNX1 gene expression (Probable). Binds to and represses APOB gene promoter (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25575569" target="\_blank">25575569</a>). May play a role in embryonic gut development, possibly through the regulation of enteric neuron development (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

[Double-strand-break repair protein rad21 homolog]: Nucleus. Nucleus matrix Chromosome Chromosome, centromere. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Note=Associates with chromatin (PubMed:11073952, PubMed:11590136). Before prophase, scattered along chromosome arms (PubMed:11073952). During prophase and prometaphase, most cohesins dissociate from the arms of condensing chromosome, possibly through PLK1-mediated phosphorylation (PubMed:11931760). A small amount of cohesin remains in centromeric regions and is removed from chromosomes only at the onset of anaphase. At anaphase, cleavage by separase/ESPL1 leads to the dissociation of cohesin from chromosomes and chromosome separation (PubMed:11073952, PubMed:11509732)

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in the gut (at protein level).

#### Rad21 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# Rad21 Antibody - Images



