

## **VEGF Receptor 2 Antibody**

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP90420

### **Specification**

## **VEGF Receptor 2 Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IP
Primary Accession P35968
Clonality Monoclonal

**Other Names** 

EC 2.7.10.1; FLK1; KDR; VGFR2; VEGFR2; kinase insert domain receptor; protein-tyrosine kinase receptor Flk-1; vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 2;

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 151527 Da

# **VEGF Receptor 2 Antibody - Additional Information**

Dilution WB~~1:1000

IP~~N/A

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

**VEGF Receptor 2** 

Description VEGFR-2 is a receptor tyrosine kinase of

the VEGFR family. High affinity receptor for VEGF and VEGF-C. Ligand binding induces autophosphorylation and activation. Activated receptor recruits proteins including Shc, GRB2, PI3K, Nck,

SHP-1 and SHP-2.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline ,

pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

# **VEGF Receptor 2 Antibody - Protein Information**

Name KDR (HGNC:6307)

Synonyms FLK1, VEGFR2

#### **Function**

Tyrosine-protein kinase that acts as a cell-surface receptor for VEGFA, VEGFC and VEGFD. Plays an essential role in the regulation of angiogenesis, vascular development, vascular permeability, and embryonic hematopoiesis. Promotes proliferation, survival, migration and differentiation of endothelial cells. Promotes reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton. Isoforms lacking a transmembrane domain, such as isoform 2 and isoform 3, may function as decoy receptors for



VEGFA, VEGFC and/or VEGFD. Isoform 2 plays an important role as negative regulator of VEGFA-and VEGFC-mediated lymphangiogenesis by limiting the amount of free VEGFA and/or VEGFC and preventing their binding to FLT4. Modulates FLT1 and FLT4 signaling by forming heterodimers. Binding of vascular growth factors to isoform 1 leads to the activation of several signaling cascades. Activation of PLCG1 leads to the production of the cellular signaling molecules diacylglycerol and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate and the activation of protein kinase C. Mediates activation of MAPK1/ERK2, MAPK3/ERK1 and the MAP kinase signaling pathway, as well as of the AKT1 signaling pathway. Mediates phosphorylation of PIK3R1, the regulatory subunit of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase, reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton and activation of PTK2/FAK1. Required for VEGFA-mediated induction of NOS2 and NOS3, leading to the production of the signaling molecule nitric oxide (NO) by endothelial cells. Phosphorylates PLCG1. Promotes phosphorylation of FYN, NCK1, NOS3, PIK3R1, PTK2/FAK1 and SRC.

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell junction. Endoplasmic reticulum. Cell membrane. Note=Localized with RAP1A at cell-cell junctions (By similarity). Colocalizes with ERN1 and XBP1 in the endoplasmic reticulum in endothelial cells in a vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF)-dependent manner (PubMed:23529610). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23529610} [Isoform 2]: Secreted.

#### **Tissue Location**

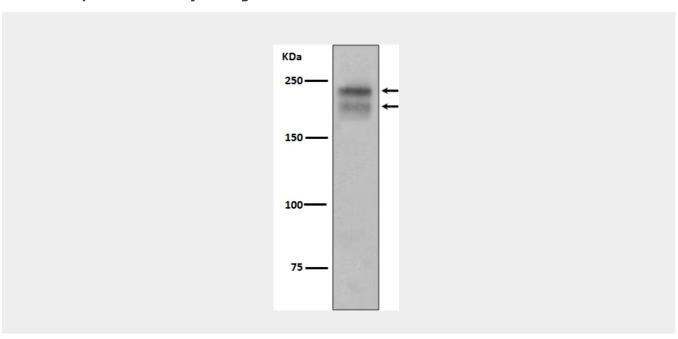
Detected in cornea (at protein level). Widely expressed.

## **VEGF Receptor 2 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

#### VEGF Receptor 2 Antibody - Images







Western blot analysis of VEGFR2 expression in Human placenta lysate.