

Smad2 Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP90596

Specification

Smad2 Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC, FC, ICC, IP

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Q15796
Rat

Clonality Monoclonal

Other Names

JV18-1; MADH2; MADR2; Mad-related protein 2; Mothers against DPP homolog 2; Mothers against

decapentaplegic homolog 2; Smad2;

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 52306 Da

Smad2 Antibody - Additional Information

Dilution WB~~1:1000

IHC~~1:100~500 FC~~1:10~50 ICC~~N/A IP~~N/A

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

Smad2

Description The protein encoded by this gene belongs

to the SMAD, a family of proteins similar to the gene products of the Drosophila gene 'mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the C. elegans gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signal of the transforming growth factor (TGF)-beta, and thus

regulates multiple cellular processes, such

as cell proliferation, apoptosis, and

differentiation.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline ,

pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

Smad2 Antibody - Protein Information



Name SMAD2

Synonyms MADH2, MADR2

Function

Receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD) that is an intracellular signal transducer and transcriptional modulator activated by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor) and activin type 1 receptor kinases. Binds the TRE element in the promoter region of many genes that are regulated by TGF-beta and, on formation of the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, activates transcription. Promotes TGFB1-mediated transcription of odontoblastic differentiation genes in dental papilla cells (By similarity). Positively regulates PDPK1 kinase activity by stimulating its dissociation from the 14-3-3 protein YWHAQ which acts as a negative regulator. May act as a tumor suppressor in colorectal carcinoma (PubMed:8752209/a>).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Cytoplasmic and nuclear in the absence of TGF-beta. On TGF-beta stimulation, migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4 or with IPO7 (PubMed:21145499, PubMed:9865696). On dephosphorylation by phosphatase PPM1A, released from the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, and exported out of the nucleus by interaction with RANBP1 (PubMed:16751101, PubMed:19289081). Localized mainly to the nucleus in the early stages of embryo development with expression becoming evident in the cytoplasm at the blastocyst and epiblast stages (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q62432, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16751101, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19289081,

Tissue Location

Expressed at high levels in skeletal muscle, endothelial cells, heart and placenta.

ECO:0000269|PubMed:21145499, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9865696}

Smad2 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Smad2 Antibody - Images



