

Phospho-Smad2 (S250) Antibody

Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP90857

Specification

Phospho-Smad2 (S250) Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, FC
Primary Accession
Reactivity Rat

Clonality Monoclonal

Other Names

JV18-1, MADH2, MADR2, Mad-related protein 2, Mothers against DPP homolog 2, Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 2, Smad 2;

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 52306 Da

Phospho-Smad2 (S250) Antibody - Additional Information

Dilution WB~~1:1000

FC~~1:10~50
Purification Affinity-chrom

Purification Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

Smad2

Description The protein encoded by this gene belongs

to the SMAD, a family of proteins similar to the gene products of the Drosophila gene 'mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the C. elegans gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate

multiple signaling pathways.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline,

pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

Phospho-Smad2 (S250) Antibody - Protein Information

Name SMAD2

Synonyms MADH2, MADR2

Function

Receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD) that is an intracellular signal transducer and transcriptional modulator activated by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor) and activin type 1 receptor kinases. Binds the TRE element in the promoter region of many genes that are regulated by TGF-beta and,



on formation of the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, activates transcription. Promotes TGFB1-mediated transcription of odontoblastic differentiation genes in dental papilla cells (By similarity). Positively regulates PDPK1 kinase activity by stimulating its dissociation from the 14-3-3 protein YWHAQ which acts as a negative regulator. May act as a tumor suppressor in colorectal carcinoma (PubMed:http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8752209 target="blank">8752209).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Cytoplasmic and nuclear in the absence of TGF-beta. On TGF-beta stimulation, migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4 or with IPO7 (PubMed:21145499, PubMed:9865696). On dephosphorylation by phosphatase PPM1A, released from the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, and exported out of the nucleus by interaction with RANBP1 (PubMed:16751101, PubMed:19289081). Localized mainly to the nucleus in the early stages of embryo development with expression becoming evident in the cytoplasm at the blastocyst and epiblast stages (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q62432, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16751101, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19289081,

Tissue Location

Expressed at high levels in skeletal muscle, endothelial cells, heart and placenta.

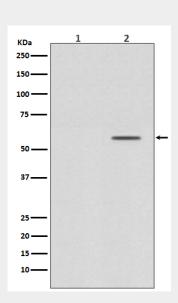
ECO:0000269|PubMed:21145499, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9865696}

Phospho-Smad2 (S250) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cvtometv
- Cell Culture

Phospho-Smad2 (S250) Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of Phospho-Smad2 (S250) expression in (1) HeLa cell treated with alkaline phosphatase lysate; (2) HeLa cell lysate.