

**Stromal interaction molecule 1 Antibody**  
**Rabbit mAb**  
**Catalog # AP90887**

**Specification**

**Stromal interaction molecule 1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC, IP
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q13586</a>
Reactivity	Rat
Clonality	Monoclonal
<b>Other Names</b>	GOK; SIM; STIM 1; Stim1 stromal interaction molecule 1; STIM1L; Stromal interaction molecule 1;
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	77423 Da

**Stromal interaction molecule 1 Antibody - Additional Information**

Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC~~1:100~500 IP~~N/A
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human Stromal interaction molecule 1
Description	STIM1 is a potential tumor suppressor; defects in STIM1 may cause rhabdomyosarcoma and rhabdoid tumors. STIM1 can either homodimerize or form heterodimers with STIM2. STIM2 possesses a high sequence identity to STIM1 and can function as an inhibitor of STIM1-mediated plasma membrane store-operated Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry. However, further investigation is required to elucidate the true physiological function of STIM2.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

**Stromal interaction molecule 1 Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** STIM1

**Synonyms** GOK {ECO:0000303|PubMed:9377559}

**Function**

Acts as a Ca(2+) sensor that gates two major inward rectifying Ca(2+) channels at the plasma membrane: Ca(2+) release- activated Ca(2+) (CRAC) channels and arachidonate-regulated Ca(2+)- selective (ARC) channels (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15866891" target="\_blank">15866891</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16005298" target="\_blank">16005298</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16208375" target="\_blank">16208375</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16537481" target="\_blank">16537481</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16733527" target="\_blank">16733527</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16766533" target="\_blank">16766533</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16807233" target="\_blank">16807233</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18854159" target="\_blank">18854159</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19182790" target="\_blank">19182790</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19249086" target="\_blank">19249086</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19622606" target="\_blank">19622606</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19706554" target="\_blank">19706554</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22464749" target="\_blank">22464749</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24069340" target="\_blank">24069340</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24351972" target="\_blank">24351972</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24591628" target="\_blank">24591628</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25326555" target="\_blank">25326555</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26322679" target="\_blank">26322679</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28219928" target="\_blank">28219928</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32415068" target="\_blank">32415068</a>). Plays a role in mediating store- operated Ca(2+) entry (SOCE), a Ca(2+) influx following depletion of intracellular Ca(2+) stores. Upon Ca(2+) depletion, translocates from the endoplasmic reticulum to the plasma membrane where it activates CRAC channel pore-forming subunits ORA1, ORA2 and ORA13 to generate sustained and oscillatory Ca(2+) entry (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16208375" target="\_blank">16208375</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16537481" target="\_blank">16537481</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32415068" target="\_blank">32415068</a>). Involved in enamel formation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24621671" target="\_blank">24621671</a>).

### Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Sarcoplasmic reticulum.

Note=Translocates from the endoplasmic reticulum to the cell membrane in response to a depletion of intracellular calcium and is detected at punctae corresponding to junctions between the endoplasmic reticulum and the cell membrane (PubMed:16005298, PubMed:16208375, PubMed:18854159, PubMed:19182790, PubMed:19249086). Associated with the microtubule network at the growing distal tip of microtubules (PubMed:19632184). Colocalizes with ORA1 at the cell membrane (PubMed:27185316). Colocalizes preferentially with CASQ1 at endoplasmic reticulum in response to a depletion of intracellular calcium (PubMed:27185316)

### Tissue Location

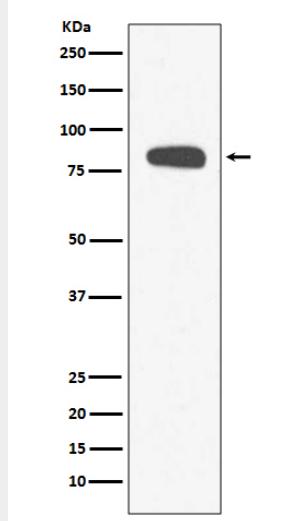
Ubiquitously expressed in various human primary cells and tumor cell lines.

### Stromal interaction molecule 1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)

- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**Stromal interaction molecule 1 Antibody - Images**

Western blot analysis of Stromal interaction molecule 1 expression in HeLa cell lysate.