

RIP Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP91013

Specification

RIP Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, FC
Primary Accession Q13546
Clonality Monoclonal

Other Names

RIPK1; Cell death protein RIP; RIP1; RIP; RIP-1; Rinp;

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 75931 Da

RIP Antibody - Additional Information

Dilution **WB~~1:1000**

FC~~1:10~50

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

RIP

Description Essential adapter molecule for the

activation of NF-kappa-B. Following different upstream signals (binding of inflammatory cytokines, stimulation of pathogen recognition receptors, or DNA damage), particular RIPK1-containing complexes are formed, initiating a limited

number of cellular responses.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline ,

pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

RIP Antibody - Protein Information

Name RIPK1 (HGNC:10019)

Function

Serine-threonine kinase which is a key regulator of TNF- mediated apoptosis, necroptosis and inflammatory pathways (PubMed:17703191, PubMed:24144979, PubMed:31827280, PubMed:31827281, PubMed:32657447, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35831301"



death and kinase-independent scaffold functions regulating inflammatory signaling and cell survival (PubMed: 11101870, PubMed:19524512, PubMed:19524513, PubMed:29440439, PubMed:30988283). Has kinase-independent scaffold functions: upon binding of TNF to TNFR1, RIPK1 is recruited to the TNF-R1 signaling complex (TNF-RSC also known as complex I) where it acts as a scaffold protein promoting cell survival, in part, by activating the canonical NF-kappa-B pathway (By similarity). Kinase activity is essential to regulate necroptosis and apoptosis, two parallel forms of cell death: upon activation of its protein kinase activity, regulates assembly of two death-inducing complexes, namely complex IIa (RIPK1-FADD-CASP8), which drives apoptosis, and the complex IIb (RIPK1-RIPK3-MLKL), which drives necroptosis (By similarity). RIPK1 is required to limit CASP8- dependent TNFR1-induced apoptosis (By similarity). In normal conditions, RIPK1 acts as an inhibitor of RIPK3-dependent necroptosis, a process mediated by RIPK3 component of complex IIb, which catalyzes phosphorylation of MLKL upon induction by ZBP1 (PubMed:19524512,

PubMed:19524513, PubMed:29440439, PubMed:30988283). Inhibits RIPK3- mediated necroptosis via FADD-mediated recruitment of CASP8, which cleaves

target=" blank">35831301). Exhibits kinase activity-dependent functions that regulate cell

 $href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19524512" \ target="_blank">19524512, PubMed:19524513, PubMe$ href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29440439" target="blank">29440439, PubMed:30988283). Required to inhibit apoptosis and necroptosis during embryonic development: acts by preventing the interaction of TRADD with FADD thereby limiting aberrant activation of CASP8 (By similarity). In addition to apoptosis and necroptosis, also involved in inflammatory response by promoting transcriptional production of pro-inflammatory cytokines, such as interleukin-6 (IL6) (PubMed: 31827280, PubMed:31827281). Phosphorylates RIPK3: RIPK1 and RIPK3 undergo reciprocal auto- and trans- phosphorylation (PubMed:19524513). Phosphorylates DAB2IP at 'Ser-728' in a TNF-alpha-dependent manner, and thereby activates the MAP3K5-JNK apoptotic cascade (PubMed:15310755, PubMed:17389591). Required for ZBP1-induced NF-kappa-B activation in response to DNA damage (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q60855}. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9ZUF4}

RIPK1 and limits TNF-induced necroptosis (PubMed: <a

RIP Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

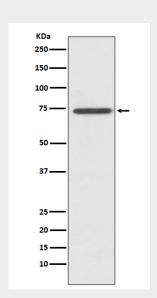
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation



Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

RIP Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of RIP expression in HeLa cell lysate.