

c-Fos Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP91027

Specification

c-Fos Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, FC
Primary Accession P01100
Reactivity Rat
Clonality Monoclonal

Other Names

activator protein 1; AP-1; C-FOS; FOS; G0S7;

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 40695 Da

c-Fos Antibody - Additional Information

Dilution WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:10~50

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

c-Fos

Description Fos a proto-oncogenic transcription factor

of the bZIP family. Dimerizes with proteins of the JUN family, thereby forming the transcription factor complex AP-1. FOS proteins function as regulators of cell proliferation, differentiation, and

proliferation, differentiation, and

transformation. In some cases, expression of FOS has also been associated with apoptotic cell death. Expression increases upon a variety of stimuli, including growth factors, cytokines, neurotransmitters,

polypeptide hormones, stress and cell injury.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline,

pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

c-Fos Antibody - Protein Information

Name FOS

Synonyms G0S7



Function

Nuclear phosphoprotein which forms a tight but non-covalently linked complex with the JUN/AP-1 transcription factor. In the heterodimer, FOS and JUN/AP-1 basic regions each seems to interact with symmetrical DNA half sites. On TGF-beta activation, forms a multimeric SMAD3/SMAD4/JUN/FOS complex at the AP1/SMAD-binding site to regulate TGF-beta-mediated signaling. Has a critical function in regulating the development of cells destined to form and maintain the skeleton. It is thought to have an important role in signal transduction, cell proliferation and differentiation. In growing cells, activates phospholipid synthesis, possibly by activating CDS1 and PI4K2A. This activity requires Tyr-dephosphorylation and association with the endoplasmic reticulum.

Cellular Location

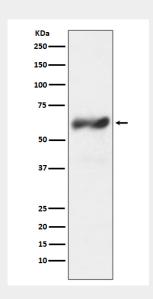
Nucleus. Endoplasmic reticulum. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Note=In quiescent cells, present in very small amounts in the cytosol. Following induction of cell growth, first localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum and only later to the nucleus. Localization at the endoplasmic reticulum requires dephosphorylation at Tyr-10 and Tyr- 30

c-Fos Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

c-Fos Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of c-Fos expression in HeLa cell lysate treated with TPA.