

**IL10 Antibody (Center)**  
**Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP9112C****Specification**

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**IL10 Antibody (Center) - Product Information**

Application	FC, WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P22301</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">P79338</a> , <a href="#">P03180</a>
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Epstein Barr Virus, Monkey
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region	27-53

**IL10 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 3586**Other Names**

Interleukin-10, IL-10, Cytokine synthesis inhibitory factor, CSIF, IL10

**Target/Specificity**

This IL10 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 27-53 amino acids from the Central region of human IL10.

**Dilution**

FC~~1:10~50

WB~~1:1000

IHC-P~~1:10~50

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

IL10 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**IL10 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information****Name** IL10

**Function** Major immune regulatory cytokine that acts on many cells of the immune system where it has profound anti-inflammatory functions, limiting excessive tissue disruption caused by inflammation. Mechanistically, IL10 binds to its heterotetrameric receptor comprising IL10RA and IL10RB leading to JAK1 and STAT2-mediated phosphorylation of STAT3 (PubMed:[16982608](#)). In turn, STAT3 translocates to the nucleus where it drives expression of anti-inflammatory mediators (PubMed:[18025162](#)). Targets antigen-presenting cells (APCs) such as macrophages and monocytes and inhibits their release of pro- inflammatory cytokines including granulocyte-macrophage colony- stimulating factor /GM-CSF, granulocyte colony-stimulating factor/G- CSF, IL-1 alpha, IL-1 beta, IL-6, IL-8 and TNF-alpha (PubMed:[11564774](#), PubMed:[1940799](#), PubMed:[7512027](#)). Also interferes with antigen presentation by reducing the expression of MHC-class II and co- stimulatory molecules, thereby inhibiting their ability to induce T cell activation (PubMed:[8144879](#)). In addition, controls the inflammatory response of macrophages by reprogramming essential metabolic pathways including mTOR signaling (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Secreted.

#### **Tissue Location**

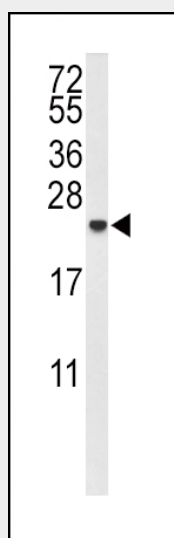
Produced by a variety of cell lines, including T- cells, macrophages, mast cells and other cell types

### **IL10 Antibody (Center) - Protocols**

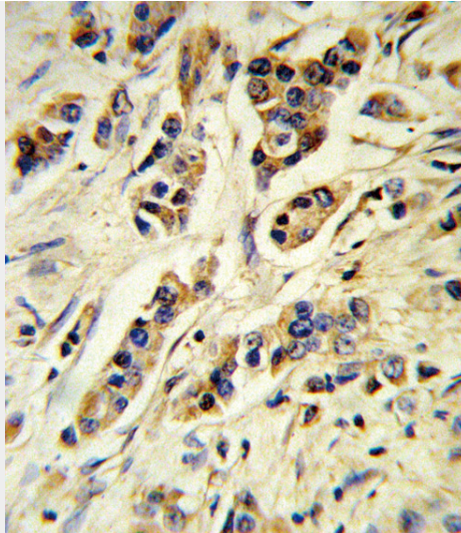
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

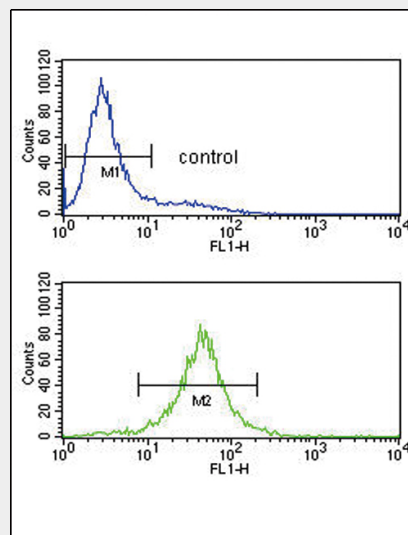
### **IL10 Antibody (Center) - Images**



Western blot analysis of IL10 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP9112c) in MDA-MB435 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). IL10 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma reacted with IL10 Antibody (Center), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



IL10 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP9112c) flow cytometry analysis of Jurkat cells (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

### IL10 Antibody (Center) - Background

The protein is a cytokine produced primarily by monocytes and to a lesser extent by lymphocytes. This cytokine has pleiotropic effects in immunoregulation and inflammation. It down-regulates the expression of Th1 cytokines, MHC class II Ags, and costimulatory molecules on macrophages. It also enhances B cell survival, proliferation, and antibody production. This cytokine can block NF-kappa B activity, and is involved in the regulation of the JAK-STAT signaling pathway. Knockout studies in mice suggested the function of this cytokine as an essential immunoregulator in the intestinal tract.

### IL10 Antibody (Center) - References

Trajkov,D., et.al., Indian J Tuberc 56 (3), 117-131 (2009)  
Kim,J.M., et.al., J. Immunol. 148 (11), 3618-3623 (1992)