

#### **MDA5** Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP91557

### **Specification**

## **MDA5 Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, ICC
Primary Accession Q9BYX4
Clonality Monoclonal

**Other Names** 

Helicard; Hlcd; IDDM19; IFIH1; MDA-5; RH116; RIG I like receptor 2; RLR 2; RNA helicase DEAD box

protein 116;

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 116689 Da

# **MDA5 Antibody - Additional Information**

Dilution WB~~1:1000

ICC~~N/A

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

MDA5

Description Function to promote message degradation

by specific RNases. Seems to have growth suppressive properties. Involved in innate

immune defense against viruses.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline ,

pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

# **MDA5 Antibody - Protein Information**

### Name IFIH1 (HGNC:18873)

#### **Function**

Innate immune receptor which acts as a cytoplasmic sensor of viral nucleic acids and plays a major role in sensing viral infection and in the activation of a cascade of antiviral responses including the induction of type I interferons and pro-inflammatory cytokines (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28594402" target="\_blank">28594402</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32169843" target="\_blank">32169843</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33727702" target="\_blank">33727702</a>). Its ligands include mRNA lacking 2'-O-methylation at their 5' cap and long-dsRNA (>1 kb in length) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22160685" target="\_blank">22160685</a>). Upon ligand binding it associates with mitochondria antiviral signaling protein (MAVS/IPS1) which activates the IKK-related kinases: TBK1 and IKBKE which phosphorylate interferon regulatory



factors: IRF3 and IRF7 which in turn activate transcription of antiviral immunological genes, including interferons (IFNs); IFN-alpha and IFN-beta. Responsible for detecting the Picornaviridae family members such as encephalomyocarditis virus (EMCV), mengo encephalomyocarditis virus (ENMG), and rhinovirus (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28606988" target="\_blank">28606988</a>). Detects coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33440148" target="\_blank">33440148</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33514628" target="\_blank">33514628</a>, Can also detect other viruses such as dengue virus (DENV), west Nile virus (WNV), and reovirus. Also involved in antiviral signaling in response to viruses containing a dsDNA genome, such as vaccinia virus. Plays an important role in amplifying innate immune signaling through recognition of RNA metabolites that are produced during virus infection by ribonuclease L (RNase L). May play an important role in enhancing natural killer cell function and may be involved in growth inhibition and apoptosis in several tumor cell lines.

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Mitochondrion. Note=Upon viral RNA stimulation and ISGylation, translocates from cytosol to mitochondrion. May be found in the nucleus, during apoptosis

#### **Tissue Location**

Widely expressed, at a low level. Expression is detected at slightly highest levels in placenta, pancreas and spleen and at barely levels in detectable brain, testis and lung

## **MDA5 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

**MDA5 Antibody - Images**