

### **Endo G Antibody**

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP91677

### **Specification**

### **Endo G Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB
Primary Accession Q14249
Reactivity Rat

Clonality Monoclonal

**Other Names** 

EndoG; EndonucleaseG; Mitochondrial endonuclease G; NUCG HUMAN;

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 32620 Da

# **Endo G Antibody - Additional Information**

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

**Endo G** 

Description Endo G is a nuclear encoded endonuclease

that is localized in the mitochondrion. The encoded protein cleaves DNA at GC tracts. It is capable of generating the RNA primers required by DNA polymerase gamma to initiate replication of mitochondrial DNA. Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline,

pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

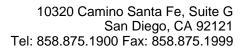
## **Endo G Antibody - Protein Information**

#### Name ENDOG

#### **Function**

Endonuclease that preferentially catalyzes the cleavage of double-stranded 5-hydroxymethylcytosine (5hmC)-modified DNA (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25355512" target="\_blank">25355512</a>). The 5hmC-modified nucleotide does not increase the binding affinity, but instead increases the efficiency of cutting and specifies the site of cleavage for the modified DNAs (By similarity). Shows significantly higher affinity for four-stranded Holliday junction over duplex and single-stranded DNAs (By similarity). Promotes conservative recombination when the DNA is 5hmC-modified (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25355512" target="\_blank">25355512</a>).

Promotes autophagy through the suppression of mTOR by its phosphorylation-mediated





interaction with YWHAG and its endonuclease activity-mediated DNA damage response (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33473107" target="\_blank">33473107</a>). GSK3-beta mediated phosphorylation of ENDOG enhances its interaction with YWHAG, leading to the release of TSC2 and PIK3C3 from YWHAG resulting in mTOR pathway suppression and autophagy initiation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33473107" target="\_blank">33473107" target="\_blank">33473107</a>). Promotes cleavage of mtDNA in response to oxidative and nitrosative stress, in turn inducing compensatory mtDNA replication (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29719607" target="\_blank">29719607</a>).

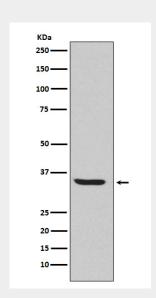
**Cellular Location**Mitochondrion.

## **Endo G Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## **Endo G Antibody - Images**



Western blot analysis of Endo G expression in HepG2 cell lysate.