

PCAF Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP91837

Specification

PCAF Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, FC, IP
Primary Accession Q92831
Reactivity Rat
Clonality Monoclonal

Other Names

CAF; GCN5; GCN5L1; KAT2B; P/CAF; p300/CBP\P300/CBP-associated factor\Lysine

acetyltransferase 2B

PCAF

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 93013 Da

PCAF Antibody - Additional Information

Dilution WB~~1:1000

FC~~1:10~50

IP~~N/A

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

KAT2B / PCAF

Description Functions as a histone acetyltransferase

(HAT) to promote transcriptional activation. Has significant histone acetyltransferase activity with core histones (H3 and H4), and also with nucleosome core particles. Inhibits

cell-cycle progression and counteracts the

mitogenic activity of the adenoviral

oncoprotein E1A.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline,

pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

PCAF Antibody - Protein Information

Name KAT2B {ECO:0000303|PubMed:27796307, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:8638}

Function

Functions as a histone acetyltransferase (HAT) to promote transcriptional activation (PubMed:8945521). Has significant histone acetyltransferase activity with core histones (H3 and H4), and also with nucleosome core



particles (PubMed:8945521). Has a a strong preference for acetylation of H3 at 'Lys-9' (H3K9ac) (PubMed:21131905). Also acetylates non-histone proteins, such as ACLY, MAPRE1/EB1, PLK4, RRP9/U3-55K and TBX5 (PubMed:10675335, PubMed:23001180, PubMed:23932781, PubMed:26867678, PubMed:27796307, PubMed:29174768, PubMed:9707565). Inhibits cell-cycle progression and counteracts the mitogenic activity of the adenoviral oncoprotein E1A (PubMed:8684459). Acts as a circadian transcriptional coactivator which enhances the activity of the circadian transcriptional activators: NPAS2-BMAL1 and CLOCK-BMAL1 heterodimers (PubMed:14645221, Involved in heart and limb development by mediating acetylation of TBX5, acetylation regulating nucleocytoplasmic shuttling of TBX5 (PubMed:29174768). Acts as a negative regulator of centrosome amplification by mediating acetylation of PLK4 (PubMed:27796307). Acetylates RRP9/U3-55K, a core subunit of the U3 snoRNP complex, impairing pre-rRNA processing (PubMed:26867678). Acetylates MAPRE1/EB1, promoting dynamic kinetochore-microtubule interactions in early mitosis (PubMed:23001180). Also acetylates spermidine (PubMed:27389534).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm Note=Mainly localizes to the nucleus. Also localizes to centrosomes in late G1 and around the G1/S transition, coinciding with the onset of centriole formation. Subcellular location may vary depending upon cell differentiation state. Cytoplasmic at the very stages of keratinocyte differentiation, becomes nuclear at later differentiation stages Cytoplasmic in basal epithelial cells (undifferentiated cells) and nuclear in parabasal cells (differentiated cells) (PubMed:20940255) Localizes to sites of DNA damage (PubMed:25593309)

Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed but most abundant in heart and skeletal muscle. Also expressed in the skin, in keratinocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:20940255).

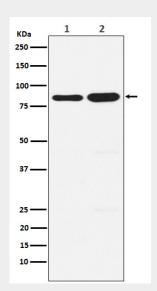
PCAF Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescen</u>ce
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

PCAF Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of KAT2B / PCAF expression in (1) A431 cell lysate; (2) NIH/3T3 cell lysate.