

MCT1 Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP92044

## Specification

# MCT1 Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Clonality <b>Other Names</b> HHF7; MCT 1; MCT; Slc16a1;	WB <u>P53985</u> Monoclonal
lsotype Host Calculated MW	Rabbit IgG Rabbit 53944 Da
MCT1 Antibody - Additional Information	
Dilution Purification Immunogen Description	WB~~1:1000 Affinity-chromatography A synthesized peptide derived from human Monocarboxylic acid transporter 1 Proton-linked monocarboxylate transporter. Catalyzes the rapid transport across the plasma membrane of many monocarboxylates such as lactate, pyruvate, branched-chain oxo acids derived from leucine, valine and isoleucine, and the ketone bodies acetoacetate, beta-hydroxybutyrate and
Storage Condition and Buffer	acetate. Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

## MCT1 Antibody - Protein Information

Name SLC16A1 (<u>HGNC:10922</u>)

Synonyms MCT1

### Function

Bidirectional proton-coupled monocarboxylate transporter (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12946269" target="\_blank">12946269</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32946811" target="\_blank">32946811</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/3333023" target="\_blank">33333023</a>). Catalyzes the rapid transport across the plasma membrane of many monocarboxylates such as lactate,



pyruvate, acetate and the ketone bodies acetoacetate and beta-hydroxybutyrate, and thus contributes to the maintenance of intracellular pH (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12946269" target="\_blank">12946269</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33333023" target="\_blank">33333023</a>). The transport direction is determined by the proton motive force and the concentration gradient of the substrate monocarboxylate. MCT1 is a major lactate exporter (By similarity). Plays a role in cellular responses to a high-fat diet by modulating the cellular levels of lactate and pyruvate that contribute to the regulation of central metabolic pathways and insulin secretion, with concomitant effects on plasma insulin levels and blood glucose homeostasis (By similarity). Facilitates the protonated monocarboxylate form of succinate export, that its transient protonation upon muscle cell acidification in exercising muscle and ischemic heart (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32946811" target="\_blank">32946811</a>). Functions via alternate outward- and inward-open conformation states. Protonation and deprotonation of 309-Asp is essential for the conformational transition (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/3333023" target="\_blank">33333023</a>).

### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Basolateral cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P53987}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Apical cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P53987}. Note=Expression at the cell surface requires the ancillary proteins BSG and EMB. Binds preferentially to BSG.

### **Tissue Location**

Widely expressed (PubMed:12115955, PubMed:15505343, PubMed:15901598). Detected in heart and in blood lymphocytes and monocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:15505343)

### MCT1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

MCT1 Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of Monocarboxylic acid transporter 1 expression in Jurkat cell lysate.