

TRAF6BP Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP92331

Specification

TRAF6BP Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, ICC
Primary Accession O86VP1
Reactivity Rat

Clonality Monoclonal

Other Names

CALCOCO3; D6Ertd404e; D6Ertd772e; PRO0105; T6BP; TAX1BP1; tax1bp1b; TXBP151;

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 90877 Da

TRAF6BP Antibody - Additional Information

Dilution WB~~1:1000

ICC~~N/A

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

TRAF6BP

Description Inhibits TNF-induced apoptosis by

mediating the TNFAIP3 anti-apoptotic activity. Degraded by caspase-3-like family proteins upon TNF-induced apoptosis. May also play a role in the pro-inflammatory

cytokine IL-1 signaling cascade.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline,

pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

TRAF6BP Antibody - Protein Information

Name TAX1BP1

Synonyms T6BP

Function

Ubiquitin-binding adapter that participates in inflammatory, antiviral and innate immune processes as well as selective autophagy regulation (PubMed:29940186, PubMed:30459273, PubMed:30909570). Plays a key role in the negative regulation of NF-kappa-B and IRF3 signalings by acting as an adapter for the



ubiquitin-editing enzyme A20/TNFAIP3 to bind and inactivate its substrates (PubMed:17703191). Disrupts the interactions between the E3 ubiquitin ligase TRAF3 and TBK1/IKBKE to attenuate 'Lys63'-linked polyubiquitination of TBK1 and thereby IFN- beta production (PubMed: 21885437). Also recruits A20/TNFAIP3 to ubiquitinated signaling proteins TRAF6 and RIPK1, leading to their deubiquitination and disruption of IL-1 and TNF-induced NF-kappa-B signaling pathways (PubMed:17703191). Inhibits virus-induced apoptosis by inducing the 'Lys-48'-linked polyubiquitination and degradation of MAVS via recruitment of the E3 ligase ITCH, thereby attenuating MAVS- mediated apoptosis signaling (PubMed:27736772). As a macroautophagy/autophagy receptor, facilitates the xenophagic clearance of pathogenic bacteria such as Salmonella typhimurium and Mycobacterium tuberculosis (PubMed:26451915). Upon NBR1 recruitment to the SQSTM1- ubiquitin condensates, acts as the major recruiter of RB1CC1 to these ubiquitin condensates to promote their autophagic degradation (PubMed: 33226137, PubMed:34471133). Mediates the autophagic degradation of other substrates including TICAM1 (PubMed:28898289).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Mitochondrion. Preautophagosomal structure Cytoplasmic vesicle, autophagosome

Tissue Location

Expressed in all tissues tested.

TRAF6BP Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

TRAF6BP Antibody - Images



