

## **AP2S1 Antibody**

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP92675

## **Specification**

## **AP2S1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC, IP
Primary Accession P53680
Reactivity Rat

Clonality Monoclonal

**Other Names** 

AP17; Ap2s1; CLAPS2; Sigma adaptin 3b; Sigma2 adaptin;

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 17018 Da

## **AP2S1 Antibody - Additional Information**

Dilution WB~~1:1000

IHC~~1:100~500

IP~~N/A

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from AP2S1

Component of the adaptor protein complex

2 (AP-2). Adaptor protein complexes

function in protein Transport via Transport

vesicles in different membrane traffic

pathways.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline,

pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

# **AP2S1 Antibody - Protein Information**

Name AP2S1 (<u>HGNC:565</u>)

Synonyms AP17, CLAPS2

#### **Function**

Component of the adaptor protein complex 2 (AP-2). Adaptor protein complexes function in protein transport via transport vesicles in different membrane traffic pathways. Adaptor protein complexes are vesicle coat components and appear to be involved in cargo selection and vesicle formation. AP-2 is involved in clathrin-dependent endocytosis in which cargo proteins are incorporated into vesicles surrounded by clathrin (clathrin-coated vesicles, CCVs) which are destined for fusion with the early endosome. The clathrin lattice serves as a mechanical scaffold but is itself unable to bind directly to membrane components. Clathrin-associated adaptor protein



(AP) complexes which can bind directly to both the clathrin lattice and to the lipid and protein components of membranes are considered to be the major clathrin adaptors contributing the CCV formation. AP-2 also serves as a cargo receptor to selectively sort the membrane proteins involved in receptor-mediated endocytosis. AP-2 seems to play a role in the recycling of synaptic vesicle membranes from the presynaptic surface. AP-2 recognizes Y-X-X-[FILMV] (Y-X-X-Phi) and [ED]-X-X-X-L- [LI] endocytosis signal motifs within the cytosolic tails of transmembrane cargo molecules. AP-2 may also play a role in maintaining normal post-endocytic trafficking through the ARF6-regulated, non- clathrin pathway. The AP-2 alpha and AP-2 sigma subunits are thought to contribute to the recognition of the [ED]-X-X-X-L-[LI] motif (By similarity). May also play a role in extracellular calcium homeostasis.

### **Cellular Location**

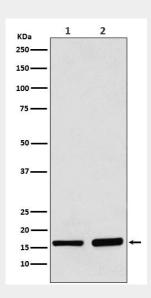
Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63010}. Membrane, coated pit; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Note=AP-2 appears to be excluded from internalizing CCVs and to disengage from sites of endocytosis seconds before internalization of the nascent CCV {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63010}

## **AP2S1 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## AP2S1 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of AP2S1 expression in (1) 293 cell lysate; (2) Mouse brain lysate.