

### Phospho-Syk (Y323) Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP93221

### **Specification**

# Phospho-Syk (Y323) Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC, ICC
Primary Accession P43405
Clonality Monoclonal

**Other Names** 

KSYK; p72syk; Spleen tyrosine kinase; Syk;

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 72066 Da

# Phospho-Syk (Y323) Antibody - Additional Information

Dilution WB~~1:1000

IHC~~1:100~500

ICC~~N/A

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

Phospho-Syk (Y323)

Description Non-receptor tyrosine kinase which

mediates signal transduction downstream of a variety of transmembrane receptors including classical immunoreceptors like

the B-cell receptor (BCR).

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline,

pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

## Phospho-Syk (Y323) Antibody - Protein Information

### Name SYK

### **Function**

Non-receptor tyrosine kinase which mediates signal transduction downstream of a variety of transmembrane receptors including classical immunoreceptors like the B-cell receptor (BCR). Regulates several biological processes including innate and adaptive immunity, cell adhesion, osteoclast maturation, platelet activation and vascular development (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12387735" target="\_blank">12387735</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33782605" target="\_blank">33782605</a>). Assembles into signaling complexes with activated receptors at the plasma membrane via interaction between its SH2 domains and the receptor tyrosine- phosphorylated ITAM domains. The association with the receptor can also be indirect and mediated by adapter proteins containing



ITAM or partial hemITAM domains. The phosphorylation of the ITAM domains is generally mediated by SRC subfamily kinases upon engagement of the receptor. More rarely signal transduction via SYK could be ITAM-independent. Direct downstream effectors phosphorylated by SYK include DEPTOR, VAV1, PLCG1, PI-3-kinase, LCP2 and BLNK (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12456653" target="\_blank">12456653</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15388330" target="\_blank">15388330</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34634301" target="\_blank">34634301</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34634301" target="\_blank">34634301</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8657103" target="\_blank">8657103</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citatio

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12456653" target="\_blank">12456653</a>). Activated upon BCR engagement, it phosphorylates and activates BLNK an adapter linking the activated BCR to downstream signaling adapters and effectors. It also phosphorylates and activates PLCG1 and the PKC signaling pathway. It also phosphorylates BTK and regulates its activity in B-cell antigen receptor (BCR)-coupled signaling. In addition to its function downstream of BCR also plays a role in T-cell receptor signaling. Also plays a crucial role in the innate immune response to fungal, bacterial and viral pathogens. It is for instance activated by the membrane lectin CLEC7A. Upon stimulation by fungal proteins, CLEC7A together with SYK activates immune cells inducing the production of ROS. Also activates the inflammasome and NF- kappa-B-mediated transcription of chemokines and cytokines in presence of pathogens. Regulates neutrophil degranulation and phagocytosis through activation of the MAPK signaling cascade (By similarity). Required for the stimulation of neutrophil phagocytosis by IL15 (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15123770" target="\_blank">15123770</a>). Also mediates the activation of dendritic cells by cell necrosis stimuli. Also involved in mast cells activation. Involved in interleukin-3/IL3-mediated signaling pathway in basophils (By similarity). Also functions downstream of receptors mediating cell adhesion (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12387735" target="\_blank">12387735</a>). Relays for instance, integrin-mediated neutrophils and macrophages activation and P-selectin receptor/SELPG- mediated recruitment of leukocytes to inflammatory loci. Also plays a role in non-immune processes. It is for instance involved in vascular development where it may regulate blood and lymphatic vascular separation. It is also required for osteoclast development and function. Functions in the activation of platelets by collagen, mediating PLCG2 phosphorylation and activation. May be coupled to the collagen receptor by the ITAM domain-containing FCER1G. Also activated by the membrane lectin CLEC1B that is required for activation of platelets by PDPN/podoplanin. Involved in platelet adhesion being activated by ITGB3 engaged by fibrinogen. Together with CEACAM20, enhances production of the cytokine CXCL8/IL-8 via the NFKB pathway and may thus have a role in the intestinal immune response (By similarity).

## **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane. Cytoplasm, cytosol

### **Tissue Location**

Widely expressed in hematopoietic cells (at protein level) (PubMed:8163536). Expressed in neutrophils (at protein level) (PubMed:15123770). Within the B-cell compartment, expressed from pro- and pre-B cells to plasma cells (PubMed:8163536)

#### Phospho-Syk (Y323) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence





• Immunoprecipitation

- Flow Cytomety
   Cell Culture

Phospho-Syk (Y323) Antibody - Images