

**Cytokeratin 13 Rabbit pAb**  
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**Catalog # AP94161****Specification**

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**Cytokeratin 13 Rabbit pAb - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P08730</a>
Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	49 KDa
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from mouse Cytokeratin 13
Epitope Specificity	381-437/437
Isotype	IgG
<b>Purity</b> affinity purified by Protein A	
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the intermediate filament family.
SUBUNIT	Heterotetramer of two type I and two type II keratins. keratin-13 is generally associated with keratin-4.
DISEASE	White sponge nevus of cannon (WSN) [MIM:193900]: Rare autosomal dominant disorder which predominantly affects non-cornified stratified squamous epithelia. Clinically, it is characterized by the presence of soft, white, and spongy plaques in the oral mucosa. The characteristic histopathologic features are epithelial thickening, parakeratosis, and vacuolization of the suprabasal layer of oral epithelial keratinocytes. Less frequently the mucous membranes of the nose, esophagus, genitalia and rectum are involved. Note=The disease is caused by mutations affecting the gene represented in this entry.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

**Background Descriptions**

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the keratin gene family. The keratins are intermediate filament proteins responsible for the structural integrity of epithelial cells and are subdivided into cytokeratins and hair keratins. Most of the type I cytokeratins consist of acidic proteins which are arranged in pairs of heterotypic keratin chains. This type I cytokeratin is paired

with keratin 4 and expressed in the suprabasal layers of non-cornified stratified epithelia. Mutations in this gene and keratin 4 have been associated with the autosomal dominant disorder White Sponge Nevus. The type I cytokeratins are clustered in a region of chromosome 17q21.2. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants; however, not all variants have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008].

## **Cytokeratin 13 Rabbit pAb - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 16663

### **Other Names**

Keratin, type I cytoskeletal 13, 47 kDa cytokeratin, Cytokeratin-13, CK-13, Keratin-13, K13, Krt13, Krt1-13

### **Target/Specificity**

Defects in KRT13 are a cause of white sponge nevus of cannon (WSN) . WSN is a rare autosomal dominant disorder which predominantly affects non-cornified stratified squamous epithelia. Clinically, it is characterized by the presence of soft, white, and spongy plaques in the oral mucosa. The characteristic histopathologic features are epithelial thickening, parakeratosis, and vacuolization of the suprabasal layer of oral epithelial keratinocytes. Less frequently the mucous membranes of the nose, esophagus, genitalia and rectum are involved.

### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

### **Format**

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

### **Storage**

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

## **Cytokeratin 13 Rabbit pAb - Protein Information**

**Name** Krt13

**Synonyms** Krt1-13

### **Function**

Type 1 keratin (Probable). Maintains postnatal tongue mucosal cell homeostasis and tissue organization in response to mechanical stress, potentially via regulation of the G1/S phase cyclins CCNE1 and CCNE2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32758484" target="\_blank">32758484</a>).

### **Tissue Location**

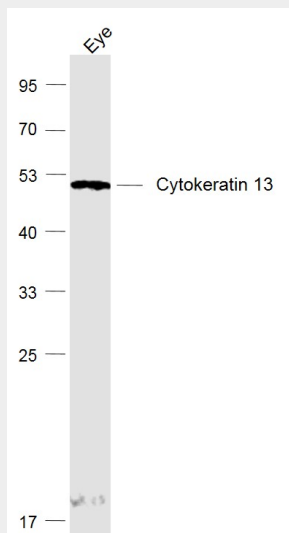
Expressed in tongue epithelia (at protein level) (PubMed:1695590). Expressed in upper suprabasal layers of the corneal epithelium (at protein level) (PubMed:26758872)

## **Cytokeratin 13 Rabbit pAb - Protocols**

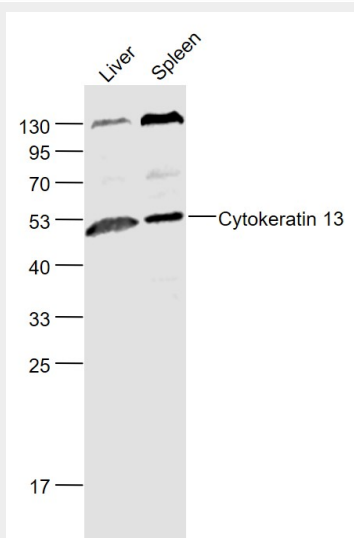
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### Cytokeratin 13 Rabbit pAb - Images



Sample: Eye (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug Primary: Anti-Cytokeratin 13 (AP94161) at 1/1000 dilution  
Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution Predicted band size: 49 kD  
Observed band size: 49 kD



Sample: Liver (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug Spleen (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug Primary: Anti- Cytokeratin 13 (AP94161) at 1/1000 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution  
Predicted band size: 49 kD Observed band size: 49 kD

### Cytokeratin 13 Rabbit pAb - Background

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diagnostic applications.