

SLC1A5 Antibody (Center)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP9437c**Specification**

SLC1A5 Antibody (Center) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	Q15758
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region	186-214

SLC1A5 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 6510**Other Names**

Neutral amino acid transporter B(0), ATB(0), Baboon M7 virus receptor, RD114/simian type D retrovirus receptor, Sodium-dependent neutral amino acid transporter type 2, Solute carrier family 1 member 5, SLC1A5, ASCT2, M7V1, RDR, RDRC

Target/Specificity

This SLC1A5 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 186-214 amino acids from the Central region of human SLC1A5.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

SLC1A5 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SLC1A5 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information**Name** SLC1A5 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:23756778}

Function Sodium-coupled antiporter of neutral amino acids. In a tri- substrate transport cycle, exchanges neutral amino acids between the extracellular and intracellular compartments, coupled

to the inward cotransport of at least one sodium ion (PubMed:[23756778](#), PubMed:[26492990](#), PubMed:[17094966](#), PubMed:[34741534](#), PubMed:[29872227](#), PubMed:[8702519](#)). The preferred substrate is the essential amino acid L- glutamine, a precursor for biosynthesis of proteins, nucleotides and amine sugars as well as an alternative fuel for mitochondrial oxidative phosphorylation. Exchanges L-glutamine with other neutral amino acids such as L-serine, L-threonine and L-asparagine in a bidirectional way. Provides L-glutamine to proliferating stem and activated cells driving the metabolic switch toward cell differentiation (PubMed:[23756778](#), PubMed:[24953180](#)). The transport cycle is usually pH-independent, with the exception of L-glutamate. Transports extracellular L-glutamate coupled to the cotransport of one proton and one sodium ion in exchange for intracellular L-glutamine counter-ion. May provide for L-glutamate uptake in glial cells regulating glutamine/glutamate cycle in the nervous system (PubMed:[32733894](#)). Can transport D-amino acids. Mediates D-serine release from the retinal glia potentially affecting NMDA receptor function in retinal neurons (PubMed:[17094966](#)). Displays sodium- and amino acid-dependent but uncoupled channel-like anion conductance with a preference SCN(-) >> NO3(-) > I(-) > Cl(-) (By similarity). Through binding of the fusogenic protein syncytin-1/ERVW-1 may mediate trophoblasts syncytialization, the spontaneous fusion of their plasma membranes, an essential process in placental development (PubMed:[10708449](#), PubMed:[23492904](#)).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Melanosome Note=Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV

Tissue Location

Placenta, lung, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas, and intestine (PubMed:8702519). Expressed in CD34-positive hematopoietic progenitors (at protein level) (PubMed:24953180)

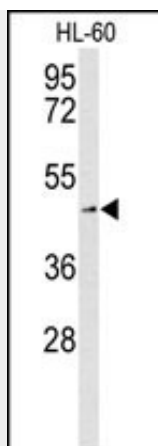
SLC1A5 Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

SLC1A5 Antibody (Center) - Images





Western blot analysis of SLC1A5 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP9437c) in HL-60 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). SLC1A5 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

SLC1A5 Antibody (Center) - Background

SLC1A5 (Solute carrier family 1 (neutral amino acid transporter), member 5) is a member of the Na(+)-dependent amino acid transporter superfamily. It has a broad substrate specificity, a preference for zwitterionic amino acids, and a sodium-dependence. It accepts as substrates all neutral amino acids, including glutamine, asparagine, and branched-chain and aromatic amino acids, and excludes methylated amino acids, anionic amino acids, and cationic amino acids. It acts as a cell surface receptor for feline endogenous virus RD114, baboon M7 endogenous virus and type D simian retroviruses.

SLC1A5 Antibody (Center) - References

- # Crowther-Swanepoel, D., et al. Nat. Genet. 42(2):132-136(2010)
- # Wich, C., et al. Gynecol. Obstet. Invest. 68(1):9-18(2009)
- # Avissar, N.E., et al. Dig. Dis. Sci. 53(8):2113-2125(2008)
- # Broer, S. Physiol. Rev. 88(1):249-286(2008)
- # Deng, X., et al. BMC Psychiatry 8, 58 (2008)