

# Phospho-ALOX5 (Ser271) Rabbit pAb

Phospho-ALOX5 (Ser271) Rabbit pAb Catalog # AP94529

## **Specification**

# Phospho-ALOX5 (Ser271) Rabbit pAb - Product Information

Application IHC-P, IHC-F, IF Primary Accession P12527

Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW
Physical State

Rabbit
Polyclonal
78 KDa
Liquid

Immunogen

KLH conjugated synthesised
phosphopeptide derived from rat
5-Lipoxygenase around the
phosphorylation site of Ser271

Epitope Specificity

QL(p-S)LE
Isotype

IgG

Isotype
Purity
affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02%

Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cytoplasm. Nucleus matrix. Nucleus

membrane; Peripheral membrane protein.

SIMILARITY

Belongs to the lipoxygenase
family.Contains 1 lipoxygenase
domain.Contains 1 PLAT domain.
SUBUNIT

Interacts with ALOX5AP and LTC4S.

Post-translational modifications

Formula interacts with ALOXSAP and LTC45.

Serine phosphorylation by MAPKAPK2 is

stimulated by arachidonic acid.

Phosphorylation on Ser-523 by PKA has an inhibitory effect. Phosphorylation on Ser-272 prevents export from the nucleus.

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

# **Background Descriptions**

Important Note

This gene encodes a member of the lipoxygenase gene family and plays a dual role in the synthesis of leukotrienes from arachidonic acid. The encoded protein, which is expressed specifically in bone marrow-derived cells, catalyzes the conversion of arachidonic acid to 5(S)-hydroperoxy-6-trans-8,11,14-cis-eicosatetraenoic acid, and further to the allylic epoxide 5(S)-trans-7,9-trans-11,14-cis-eicosatetrenoic acid (leukotriene A4). Leukotrienes are important mediators of a number of inflammatory and allergic conditions. Mutations in the promoter region of this gene lead to a diminished response to antileukotriene drugs used in the treatment of asthma and may also be associated with atherosclerosis and several cancers. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been observed, but their full-length nature has not been determined.

# Phospho-ALOX5 (Ser271) Rabbit pAb - Additional Information



### Gene ID 25290

### **Other Names**

Polyunsaturated fatty acid 5-lipoxygenase, 1.13.11.-, Alox5 {ECO:0000312|RGD:2096}

#### Dilution

<span class ="dilution\_IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A</span><br \> <span class = "dilution\_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A</span><br \> <span class = "dilution\_IF">IF~~1:50~200</span>

#### **Format**

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

## Storage

Store at -20  $^{\circ}$ C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4  $^{\circ}$ C.

## Phospho-ALOX5 (Ser271) Rabbit pAb - Protein Information

Name Alox5 {ECO:0000312|RGD:2096}

### **Function**

Catalyzes the oxygenation of arachidonate to 5- hydroperoxyeicosatetraenoate (5-HPETE) followed by the dehydration to 5,6- epoxyeicosatetraenoate (Leukotriene A4/LTA4), the first two steps in the biosynthesis of leukotrienes, which are potent mediators of inflammation. Also catalyzes the oxygenation of arachidonate into 8- hydroperoxyicosatetraenoate (8-HPETE) and 12hydroperoxyicosatetraenoate (12-HPETE). Displays lipoxin synthase activity being able to convert (15S)-HETE into a conjugate tetraene. Although arachidonate is the preferred substrate, this enzyme can also metabolize oxidized fatty acids derived from arachidonate such as (15S)-HETE, eicosapentaenoate (EPA) such as (18R)- and (18S)-HEPE or docosahexaenoate (DHA) which lead to the formation of specialized pro-resolving mediators (SPM) lipoxin and resolvins E and D respectively, therefore it participates in anti-inflammatory responses (By similarity). Oxidation of DHA directly inhibits endothelial cell proliferation and sprouting angiogenesis via peroxisome proliferator- activated receptor gamma (PPARgamma). It does not catalyze the oxygenation of linoleic acid and does not convert (5S)-HETE to lipoxin isomers. In addition to inflammatory processes, it participates in dendritic cell migration, wound healing through an antioxidant mechanism based on heme oxygenase-1 (HO-1) regulation expression, monocyte adhesion to the endothelium via ITGAM expression on monocytes. Moreover, it helps establish an adaptive humoral immunity by regulating primary resting B cells and follicular helper T cells and participates in the CD40-induced production of reactive oxygen species (ROS) after CD40 ligation in B cells through interaction with PIK3R1 that bridges ALOX5 with CD40. May also play a role in glucose homeostasis, regulation of insulin secretion and palmitic acid-induced insulin resistance via AMPK. Can regulate bone mineralization and fat cell differentiation increases in induced pluripotent stem cells (By similarity).

### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P09917, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P48999}. Nucleus matrix {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P09917}. Nucleus membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P09917}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P09917}. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P09917}. Cytoplasm, cytosol {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P09917}. Nucleus envelope {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P09917}. Nucleus intermembrane space {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P09917}. Note=Shuttles between cytoplasm and nucleus. Found exclusively in the nucleus, when phosphorylated on Ser- 272. Calcium binding promotes translocation from the cytosol and the nuclear matrix to the nuclear envelope and membrane association {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P09917}

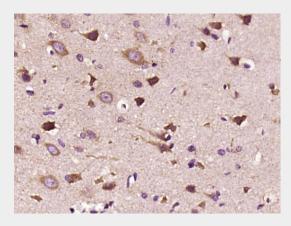


# Phospho-ALOX5 (Ser271) Rabbit pAb - Protocols

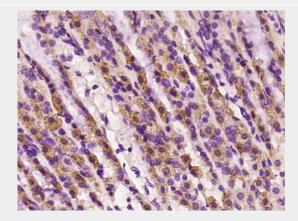
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# Phospho-ALOX5 (Ser271) Rabbit pAb - Images

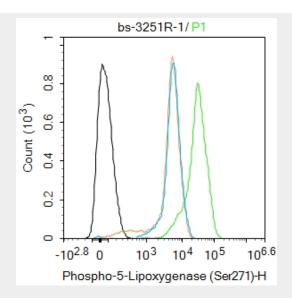


Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Rat brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Phospho-5-Lipoxygenase(Ser271)) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP94529) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Rat stomach); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Phospho-5-Lipoxygenase(Ser271)) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP94529) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.





Blank control∏black line∏:A431. Primary Antibody line): Rabbit (green Anti-Phospho-5-Lipoxygenase (Ser271) antibody (AP94529) Dilution:1ug/Test; Secondary Antibody∏white blue line∏: Goat anti-rabbit IgG-AF488 Dilution: 0.5ug/Test. Isotype control∏orange line□: Normal Rabbit IgG Protocol The cells were fixed with 4% PFA (10min at room temperature)and then permeabilized with 90% ice-cold methanol for 20 min at -20°C, The cells were then incubated in 5%BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at room temperature .Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.

## Phospho-ALOX5 (Ser271) Rabbit pAb - Background

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