

LIFR Rabbit pAb

LIFR Rabbit pAb Catalog # AP94766

Specification

LIFR Rabbit pAb - Product Information

Application **Primary Accession**

Reactivity Host Clonality **Physical State** Immunogen

Epitope Specificity

Isotype **Purity**

affinity purified by Protein A

IHC-P, IHC-F, IF

P42703 Mouse **Rabbit Polyclonal** Liquid

KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived

from hmouse LIFR 721-820/1092

laG

Buffer

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION

SIMILARITY

SUBUNIT

Important Note

0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02%

Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I

membrane protein.

Belongs to the type I cytokine receptor family. Type 2 subfamily. Contains 6

fibronectin type-III domains.

"Heterodimer composed of LIFR and IL6ST. The heterodimer formed by LIFR and IL6ST interacts with the complex formed by CNTF

and CNTFR.

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,

therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions

This gene encodes a protein that belongs to the type I cytokine receptor family. This protein combines with a high-affinity converter subunit, gp130, to form a receptor complex that mediates the action of the leukemia inhibitory factor, a polyfunctional cytokine that is involved in cellular differentiation, proliferation and survival in the adult and the embryo. Mutations in this gene cause Schwartz-Jampel syndrome type 2, a disease belonging to the group of the bent-bone dysplasias. A translocation that involves the promoter of this gene, t(5;8)(p13;q12) with the pleiomorphic adenoma gene 1, is associated with salivary gland pleiomorphic adenoma, a common type of benign epithelial tumor of the salivary gland. Multiple splice variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene.

LIFR Rabbit pAb - Additional Information

Gene ID 16880

Other Names



Leukemia inhibitory factor receptor, LIF receptor, LIF-R, D-factor/LIF receptor, CD118, Lifr

Dilution

IHC-P~~N/A<br \> IHC-F~~N/A<br \> IF~~1:50~200

Format

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 $^{\circ}$ C.

LIFR Rabbit pAb - Protein Information

Name Lifr

Function

Signal-transducing molecule. May have a common pathway with IL6ST. The soluble form inhibits the biological activity of LIF by blocking its binding to receptors on target cells.

Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Tissue Location

Placenta, liver, kidney, heart, lung, brain, and embryos. The liver may be the primary site of synthesis of the secreted form

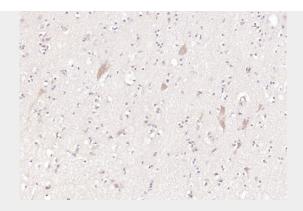
LIFR Rabbit pAb - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

LIFR Rabbit pAb - Images





Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (human brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (LIFR) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP94766) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (human heart); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (LIFR) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP94766) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

LIFR Rabbit pAb - Background

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.