

CIRH1A Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP9951a

Specification

CIRH1A Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, FC,E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Antigen Region

Q969X6
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
116-143

CIRH1A Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 84916

Other Names

Cirhin, CIRH1A, KIAA1988, UTP4

Target/Specificity

This CIRH1A antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 116-143 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human CIRH1A.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50~100 FC~~1:10~50

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

CIRH1A Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CIRH1A Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name UTP4 (<u>HGNC:1983</u>)

Function Ribosome biogenesis factor. Involved in nucleolar processing of pre-18S ribosomal RNA. Part of the small subunit (SSU) processome, first precursor of the small eukaryotic ribosomal





subunit. During the assembly of the SSU processome in the nucleolus, many ribosome biogenesis factors, an RNA chaperone and ribosomal proteins associate with the nascent pre-rRNA and work in concert to generate RNA folding, modifications, rearrangements and cleavage as well as targeted d Involved in SSU pre-rRNA processing at sites A', A0, 1 and 2b. Required for optimal pre-ribosomal RNA transcription by RNA polymerase (PubMed:17699751, PubMed:19732766, PubMed:34516797). May be a transcriptional regulator (PubMed:22916032).

Cellular Location

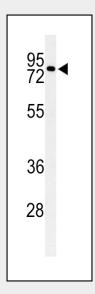
Nucleus, nucleolus. Chromosome Note=Found predominantly at the fibrillar center

CIRH1A Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

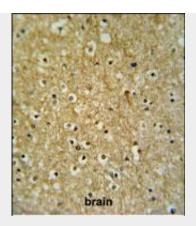
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

CIRH1A Antibody (N-term) - Images

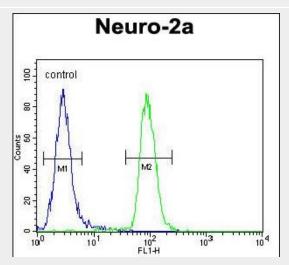


Western blot analysis of CIRH1A Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP9951a) in Neuro-2a cell line lysates (35ug/lane). CIRH1A (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.





CIRH1A Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP9951a) IHC analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded brain tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of the CIRH1A Antibody (N-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



CIRH1A Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP9951a) flow cytometric analysis of Neuro-2a cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

CIRH1A Antibody (N-term) - Background

CIRH1A encodes a WD40-repeat-containing protein that is localized to the nucleolus. Mutation of this gene causes North American Indian childhood cirrhosis, a severe intrahepatic cholestasis that results in transient neonatal jaundice, and progresses to periportal fibrosis and cirrhosis in childhood and adolescence.

CIRH1A Antibody (N-term) - References

Yu, B., et al. Exp. Cell Res. 315(18):3086-3098(2009) Carlton, V.E., et al. Ann. Med. 36(8):606-617(2004)