



**Ki-67** 

Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # APA028

# **Specification**

#### Ki-67 - Product Information

Application IHC
Primary Accession P46013
Host Rabbit
Clonality Monoclonal
Calculated MW 358694 Da

### Ki-67 - Additional Information

Gene ID 4288

Gene Name MKI67 (HGNC:7107)

**Other Names** 

Proliferation marker protein Ki-67, Antigen identified by monoclonal antibody Ki-67, Antigen KI-67, Antigen Ki-67, MKI67 (<a

href="http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene\_symbol\_report?hgnc\_id=7107"

target=" blank">HGNC:7107</a>)

**Dilution** 

IHC~~1:100~500

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2

weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent

freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions Ki-67 is for research use only and not for

use in diagnostic or therapeutic

procedures.

## **Ki-67 - Protein Information**

Name MKI67 (<u>HGNC:7107</u>)

**Function** 

Required to maintain individual mitotic chromosomes dispersed in the cytoplasm following nuclear envelope disassembly (PubMed:27362226). Associates with the surface of the mitotic chromosome, the perichromosomal layer, and covers a substantial fraction of the chromosome surface (PubMed:27362226). Prevents chromosomes from collapsing into a single chromatin mass by forming a steric and electrostatic charge barrier: the protein has a high net electrical charge and acts as



Cellular Location

a surfactant, dispersing chromosomes and enabling independent chromosome motility (PubMed:27362226). Binds DNA, with a preference for supercoiled DNA and AT-rich DNA (PubMed:10878551). Does not contribute to the internal structure of mitotic chromosomes (By similarity). May play a role in chromatin organization (PubMed:24867636). It is however unclear whether it plays a direct role in chromatin organization or whether it is an indirect consequence of its function in maintaining mitotic chromosomes dispersed (Probable).

Chromosome. Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleolus Note=Associates with the surface of the mitotic chromosome, the perichromosomal layer, and covers a substantial fraction of the mitotic chromosome surface (PubMed:27362226). Associates with satellite DNA in G1 phase (PubMed:9510506). Binds tightly to chromatin in interphase, chromatin-binding decreases in mitosis when it associates with the surface of the condensed chromosomes (PubMed:15896774, PubMed:22002106). Predominantly localized in the G1 phase in the perinucleolar region, in the later phases it is also detected throughout the nuclear interior, being predominantly localized in the nuclear matrix (PubMed:22002106).

# Ki-67 - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### Ki-67 - Images