



ATRX

Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # APA563

Specification

ATRX - Product Information

Application IHC
Primary Accession P46100
Host Rabbit
Clonality Monoclonal
Calculated MW 282586 Da

ATRX - Additional Information

Gene ID 546
Gene Name ATRX

Other Names

Transcriptional regulator ATRX, 3.6.4.12, ATP-dependent helicase ATRX, X-linked helicase II, X-linked nuclear protein, XNP, Znf-HX, ATRX, RAD54L, XH2

Dilution

IHC~~1:100~500

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2

weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent

freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions ATRX is for research use only and not for

use in diagnostic or therapeutic

procedures.

ATRX - Protein Information

Name ATRX

Synonyms RAD54L, XH2

Function Involved in transcriptional regulation and chromatin remodeling. Facilitates DNA

replication in multiple cellular

environments and is required for efficient replication of a subset of genomic loci. Binds to DNA tandem repeat sequences in both telomeres and euchromatin and in vitro binds DNA quadruplex structures. May help stabilizing G-rich regions into

regular chromatin structures by

remodeling G4 DNA and incorporating H3.3-containing nucleosomes. Catalytic component of the chromatin remodeling





Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

complex ATRX:DAXX which has **ATP-dependent DNA translocase activity** and catalyzes the replication-independent deposition of histone H3.3 in pericentric **DNA repeats outside S-phase and** telomeres, and the in vitro remodeling of H3.3-containing nucleosomes. Its heterochromatin targeting is proposed to involve a combinatorial readout of histone H3 modifications (specifically methylation states of H3K9 and H3K4) and association with CBX5. Involved in maintaining telomere structural integrity in embryonic stem cells which probably implies recruitment of CBX5 to telomeres. Reports on the involvement in transcriptional regulation of telomeric repeat-containing RNA (TERRA) are conflicting; according to a report, it is not sufficient to decrease chromatin condensation at telomeres nor to increase expression of telomeric RNA in fibroblasts (PubMed:24500201). May be involved in telomere maintenance via recombination in ALT (alternative lengthening of telomeres) cell lines. Acts as negative regulator of chromatin incorporation of transcriptionally repressive histone MACROH2A1, particularily at telomeres and the alpha-globin cluster in erythroleukemic cells. Participates in the allele-specific gene expression at the imprinted IGF2/H19 gene locus. On the maternal allele, required for the chromatin occupancy of SMC1 and CTCTF within the H19 imprinting control region (ICR) and involved in esatblishment of histone tails modifications in the ICR. May be involved in brain development and facial morphogenesis. Binds to zinc-finger coding genes with atypical chromatin signatures and regulates its H3K9me3 levels. Forms a complex with ZNF274, TRIM28 and SETDB1 to facilitate the deposition and maintenance of H3K9me3 at the 3' exons of zinc-finger genes (PubMed: 27029610). Nucleus. Chromosome, telomere. Nucleus, PML body. Note=Associated with pericentromeric heterochromatin during interphase and mitosis, probably by interacting with CBX5/HP1 alpha. Colocalizes with histone H3.3, DAXX, HIRA and ASF1A at PML-nuclear bodies Colocalizes with cohesin (SMC1 and SMC3) and MECP2 at the maternal H19 ICR (By similarity). **Ubiquitous.**

Cellular Location

Tissue Location



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ATRX - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

ATRX - Images