

### **ASK1 Antibody**

Catalog # ASC10025

#### **Specification**

## **ASK1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity

Host Clonality Isotype

Calculated MW Application Notes WB, IF, ICC, E

Q99683

<u>099683</u>, <u>6685617</u>

Human Rabbit Polyclonal

IqG

155 kDa KDa

ASK1 antibody can be used for detection of ASK1 by Western blot at 0.5 µg/mL. A 155 kDa band can be detected. Antibody can also be used for immunocytochemistry

starting at 10 µg/mL. For

immunofluorescence start at 20 μg/mL.

### **ASK1 Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 4217

**Other Names** 

ASK1 Antibody: ASK1, MEKK5, MAPKKK5, ASK1, Mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase 5, Apoptosis signal-regulating kinase 1, ASK-1, mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 5

**Target/Specificity** 

MAP3K5:

# **Reconstitution & Storage**

ASK1 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

#### **Precautions**

ASK1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **ASK1 Antibody - Protein Information**

Name MAP3K5

Synonyms ASK1, MAPKKK5, MEKK5

### **Function**

Serine/threonine kinase which acts as an essential component of the MAP kinase signal transduction pathway. Plays an important role in the cascades of cellular responses evoked by changes in the environment. Mediates signaling for determination of cell fate such as



differentiation and survival. Plays a crucial role in the apoptosis signal transduction pathway through mitochondria-dependent caspase activation. MAP3K5/ASK1 is required for the innate immune response, which is essential for host defense against a wide range of pathogens. Mediates signal transduction of various stressors like oxidative stress as well as by receptor-mediated inflammatory signals, such as the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) or lipopolysaccharide (LPS). Once activated, acts as an upstream activator of the MKK/JNK signal transduction cascade and the p38 MAPK signal transduction cascade through the phosphorylation and activation of several MAP kinase kinases like MAP2K4/SEK1, MAP2K3/MKK3, MAP2K6/MKK6 and MAP2K7/MKK7. These MAP2Ks in turn activate p38 MAPKs and c-jun N-terminal kinases (JNKs). Both p38 MAPK and JNKs control the transcription factors activator protein-1 (AP-1).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Endoplasmic reticulum. Note=Interaction with 14-3-3 proteins alters the distribution of MAP3K5/ASK1 and restricts it to the perinuclear endoplasmic reticulum region

#### **Tissue Location**

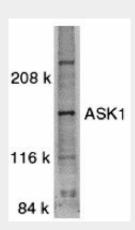
Abundantly expressed in heart and pancreas.

# **ASK1 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

#### **ASK1 Antibody - Images**

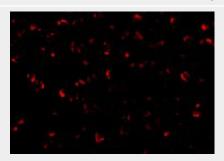


Western blot analysis of ASK1 in SW1353 whole cell lysate with ASK1 antibody at 1:500 dilution.





Immunocytochemistry of ASK1 in A431 cells with ASK1 antibody at 10 μg/mL.



Immunofluorescence of ASK1 in A431 cells with ASK1 antibody at 20 µg/mL.

### **ASK1 Antibody - Background**

ASK1 Antibody: Mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase cascades are activated in response to various extracellular stimuli, including cytokines, growth factors and environmental stresses. A novel MAP kinase kinase kinase (MAPKKK) was recently identified and designated ASK1 (for apoptosis signal-regulating kinase 1) and MAPKKK5. ASK1 activated two different subgroups of MAPKK, MKK4 and MKK6, which in turn activated c-Jun N-terminal kinase (JNK) and p38 MAP kinase, respectively. ASK1/MAPKKK5 is activated by TNFR and Fas through the interaction with members of the TRAF family and Fas-associated protein Daxx. Overexpression of ASK1 induced apoptotic cell death, and a catalytically inactive form of ASK1 inhibited TNF- $\alpha$ -induced apoptosis. ASK1 is expressed in variety of human and mouse tissues.

### **ASK1 Antibody - References**

Ichijo H, Nishida E, Irie K, ten Dijke P, Saitoh M, Moriguchi T, Takagi M, Matsumoto K, Miyazono K, Gotoh Y. Induction of apoptosis by ASK1, a mammalian MAPKKK that activates SAPK/JNK and p38 signaling pathways. Science 1997;275:90-4

Wang XS, Diener K, Jannuzzi D, Trollinger D, Tan TH, Lichenstein H, Zukowski M, Yao Z. Molecular cloning and characterization of a novel protein kinase with a catalytic domain homologous to mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase. J Biol Chem 1996;271:31607-11 Tobiume K, Inage T, Takeda K, Enomoto S, Miyazono K, Ichijo H. Molecular cloning and characterization of the mouse apoptosis signal-regulating kinase 1. Biochem Biophys Res Commun 1997;239:905-10