

DFF40 Antibody

Catalog # ASC10059

Specification

DFF40 Antibody - Product Information

Application IF
Primary Accession 054788

Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Rest
NP_031885, 13368
Human, Mouse, Rat
Rabbit

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype IgG

Calculated MW Predicted: 38 kDa

Observed: 40 kDa KDa
Application Notes

Observed: 40 kDa KDa
DFF40 antibody can be

DFF40 antibody can be used for detection of DFF40 by Western blot 0.5 $\mu g/mL$. A 40 kDa band can be detected. Antibody can also be used for immunocytochemistry

starting at 5 µg/mL. For

immunofluorescence start at 20 μg/mL.

DFF40 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID **13368**

Other Names

DFF40 Antibody: CAD, CPAN, 40kDa, DFF40, Didff, 5730477D02Rik, Cad, DNA fragmentation factor subunit beta, Caspase-activated deoxyribonuclease, CAD, DNA fragmentation factor, beta subunit

Target/Specificity

DFF40 antibody was raised against a peptide corresponding to 18 amino acids near the center of murine CAD.

- The immunogen is located within amino acids 130 - 180 of DFF40.

Reconstitution & Storage

DFF40 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Precautions

DFF40 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

DFF40 Antibody - Protein Information

Name Dffb

Synonyms Cad

Function



Nuclease that induces DNA fragmentation and chromatin condensation during apoptosis. Degrades naked DNA and induces apoptotic morphology.

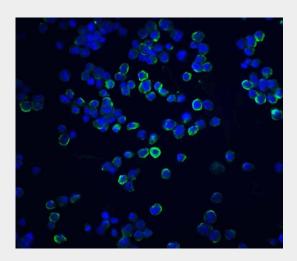
Cellular Location Cytoplasm. Nucleus.

DFF40 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

DFF40 Antibody - Images



Immunofluorescence of XBP-1 in HepG2 cells with XBP-1 antibody at 20 μg/ml.

DFF40 Antibody - Background

DFF40 Antibody: Apoptosis is related to many diseases and induced by a family of cell death receptors and their ligands. Cell death signals are transduced by death domain containing adapter molecules and members of the caspase family of proteases. These death signals finally cause the degradation of chromosomal DNA by activated DNase. A mouse DNase that causes DNA fragmentation was identified recently and designated CAD (for caspase activated deoxyribonuclease). The human homologue of mouse CAD was more recently identified by three groups independently and termed CPAN, DFF40, and human CAD, respectively. DFF45/ICAD is the inhibitory protein of DFF40/CAD and forms complex with DFF40/CAD. Upon cleavage of DFF45/ICAD by activated caspase, DFF40/CAD is released and activated and eventually causes the degradation of DNA in the nuclei. Activation of DFF40/CAD, which causes DNA degradation, is the hallmark of apoptotic cell death.

DFF40 Antibody - References





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Sakahira H, Enari M, and Nagata S. Cleavage of CAD inhibitor in CAD activation and DNA degradation during apoptosis. Nature 1998; 391:96-99.

Halenbeck R, MacDonald Human, Ratoulston A, et al. CPAN, a human nuclease regulated by the caspase-sensitive inhibitor DFF45. Curr. Biol. 1998; 8:537-40.

Liu X, Li P, Widlak P, at al. The 40-kDa subunit of DNA fragmentation factor induces DNA fragmentation and chromatin condensation during apoptosis. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 1998; 95:8461-6.