

# MYD88 Antibody

Catalog # ASC10064

#### Specification

# MYD88 Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW Application Notes WB, IHC-P, IF, E <u>U70451</u> <u>U70451</u>, <u>1763090</u> Human, Mouse Rabbit Polyclonal IgG 35 kDa KDa MYD88 antibody can be used for detection of MyD88 by Western blot 1 μg/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 2 μg/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 10 μg/mL.

# MYD88 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 4615 Other Names MYD88 Antibody: Myeloid differentiation primary response 88, MYD88D, myeloid differentiation primary response gene (88)

**Target/Specificity** MYD88;

**Reconstitution & Storage** 

MYD88 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Precautions

MYD88 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **MYD88 Antibody - Protein Information**

#### MYD88 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- Dot Blot



- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

# MYD88 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of MyD88 in Jurkat whole cell lysate with MyD88 antibody at 1  $\mu$ g/mL.



Immunohistochemical staining of human heart tissue using MyD88 antibody at 2  $\mu$ g/mL.



Immunofluorescence of MYD88 in Human Testis cells with MYD88 antibody at 20  $\mu$ g/mL. MYD88 Antibody - Background



MYD88 Antibody: The pro-inflammatory cytokine IL-1 induced cellular response requires IL-1 receptor complex including IL-1RI and IL-1RAcP. Recently, MyD88 was identified as an adapter molecule in the IL-1 signaling pathway. MyD88 associates with and recruits IRAK to the IL-1 receptor complex in response to IL-1 treatment and dominant negative form of MyD88 attenuates IL-1R-mediated NF-κB activation. MyD88 is also employed as a regulator molecule by IL-18 receptor and human Toll receptor, which are members in the Toll/IL-1R family of receptors. Targeted disruption of the MyD88 gene results in lose of cellular responses to IL-1 and IL-18, and MyD88-deficient mice lack responses to bacterial product LPS that employs Toll-like receptors 2 and 4 (TLR2 and TLR4) as the signaling receptors. MyD88 is a general adapter protein for the Toll/IL-1R family of receptors and plays an important role in the inflammatory response induced by cytokines IL-1 and IL-18 and endotoxin. MyD88 gene is expressed in many tissues.

### MYD88 Antibody - References

Muzio M, Ni J, Feng P, Dixit VM. IRAK (Pelle) family member IRAK-2 and MyD88 as proximal mediators of IL-1 signaling. Science 1997; 278:1612-5 Adachi O, Kawai T, Takeda K, Matsumoto M, Tsutsui H, Sakagami M, Nakanishi K, Akira S. Targeted disruption of the MyD88 gene results in loss of IL-1- and IL-18-mediated function. Immunity 1998; 9:143-50

### MYD88 Antibody - Citations

• Deletion of Thioredoxin-interacting protein ameliorates high fat diet-induced non-alcoholic steatohepatitis through modulation of Toll-like receptor 2-NLRP3-inflammasome axis: Histological and immunohistochemical study.