

SHP2 Antibody

Catalog # ASC10453

Specification

SHP2 Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype

Application Notes

WB, IF, E 006124

NP_002825, 33356177 Human, Mouse, Rat

Rabbit Polyclonal

IgG

SHP2 antibody can be used for the

detection of SHP2 by Western blot at 0.5 - 1 μ g/mL. For immunofluorescence start at

20 μg/mL.

SHP2 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID **5781**

Other Names

SHP2 Antibody: CFC, NS1, SHP2, BPTP3, PTP2C, PTP-1D, SH-PTP2, SH-PTP3, SHPTP2, Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 11, Protein-tyrosine phosphatase 1D, protein tyrosine phosphatase, non-receptor type 11

Target/Specificity PTPN11:

Reconstitution & Storage

SHP2 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Precautions

SHP2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SHP2 Antibody - Protein Information

Name PTPN11

Synonyms PTP2C, SHPTP2

Function

Acts downstream of various receptor and cytoplasmic protein tyrosine kinases to participate in the signal transduction from the cell surface to the nucleus (PubMed:<a

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href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18559669" target="_blank">18559669, PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18829466" target="_blank">18829466, PubMed:26742426, PubMed:28074573). Positively regulates MAPK signal transduction pathway (PubMed:28074573). Dephosphorylates GAB1, ARHGAP35 and EGFR (PubMed:28074573). Dephosphorylates ROCK2 at 'Tyr-722' resulting in stimulation of its RhoA binding activity (PubMed:18559669). Dephosphorylates CDC73 (PubMed:26742426" target="_blank">26742426). Dephosphorylates SOX9 on tyrosine residues, leading to inactivate SOX9 and promote ossification (By similarity). Dephosphorylates tyrosine-phosphorylated NEDD9/CAS-L (PubMed:19275884).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm. Nucleus

Tissue Location

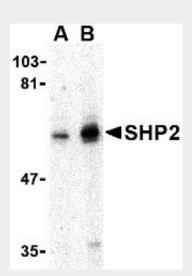
Widely expressed, with highest levels in heart, brain, and skeletal muscle.

SHP2 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

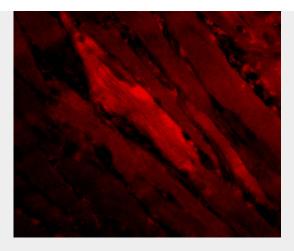
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

SHP2 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of SHP2 in mouse skeletal muscle tissue lysate with SHP2 antibody at (A) 0.5 and (B) 1 μ g/mL.





Immunofluorescence of SHP2 in Human Skeletal Muscle cells with SHP2 antibody at 20 μg/mL.

SHP2 Antibody - Background

SHP2 Antibody: Src homology-2 domain containing protein (SHP2) is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family, a protein family that contains signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. SHP2 contains two tandem Src homology-2 (SH2) domains, which function as phosphotyrosine binding domains either directly or through scaffolding intermediates such as the insulin-receptor substrate 1 (IRS-1). These SH2 domains mediate the interaction of SHP2 with its substrates, allowing SHP2 to dephosphorylate proteins that inhibit signaling kinases such as ERK1 and AKT. SHP2 is widely expressed in most tissues and plays a regulatory role in various cell signaling events that are important for a diversity of cell functions, such as mitogenic activation, metabolic control, transcription regulation, and cell migration. Recent experiments have shown SHP2 plays a significant role in hepatoprotection and liver regeneration.

SHP2 Antibody - References

Yu Z, Ahmad S, Schwartz JL, et al. Protein-tyrosine phosphatase SHP2 is positively linked to proteinase-activated receptor 2-mediated mitogenic pathway. J. Biol. Chem.1997; 272:7519-24. Ostman A, Hellberg C, and Bohmer FD. Protein-tyrosine phosphatases and cancer. Nat. Rev. Cancer 2006; 6:307-20.

Bard-Chapeau EA, Yuan J, Droin N, et al. Concerted functions of Gab1 and Shp2 in liver regeneration and hepatoprotection. Mol/ Cell. Biol. 2006; 26:4664-74.