

TBC1D1 Antibody

Catalog # ASC10543

Specification

TBC1D1 Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, E
Primary Accession Q86TIO

Other Accession <u>NP_055988</u>, <u>50658061</u>

Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal

otype

Application Notes

TBC1D1 antibody can be used for detection of TBC1D1 by Western blot at 1 - 4 µg/mL.

TBC1D1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 23216

Target/Specificity

TBC1D1;

Reconstitution & Storage

TBC1D1 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Precautions

TBC1D1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

TBC1D1 Antibody - Protein Information

Name TBC1D1

Synonyms KIAA1108

Function

May act as a GTPase-activating protein for Rab family protein(s). May play a role in the cell cycle and differentiation of various tissues. Involved in the trafficking and translocation of GLUT4-containing vesicles and insulin-stimulated glucose uptake into cells (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus.

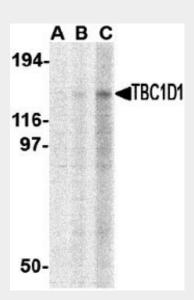
TBC1D1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

TBC1D1 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of TBC1D1 in Daudi cell lysate with TBC1D1 antibody at (A) 1, (B) 2 and (C) $4 \mu g/mL$.

TBC1D1 Antibody - Background

TBC1D1 Antibody: TBC1D1 is the founding member of a family of proteins sharing a 180- to 200-amino acid TBC domain and presumed to have a role in regulating cell growth and differentiation. These proteins share significant homology with TRE2/USP6, yeast Bub2, and CDC16. TBC1D1 and TBC1D4 (AS160) have been demonstrated to be Rab GAPs (GTPase-activating proteins) that link upstream to Akt and phosphoinositide 3-kinase and downstream to Rabs involved in trafficking of GLUT4 vesicles. TBC1D1 regulates insulin-mediated GLUT4 translocation through its GAP activity, and is a likely Akt substrate. Mutations in the Tbc1d1 gene lead to some cases of severe human obesity.

TBC1D1 Antibody - References

White RA, Pasztor LM, Richardson PM, et al. The gene encoding TBC1D1 with homology to the tre-2/USP6 oncogene, Bub2, and cdc16 maps to mouse chromosome 5 and human chromosome 4. Cytogenet. Cell Genet.2000; 89:272-5.

Koumanov F and Holman GD. Thrifty Tbc1d1 and Tbc1d4 proteins link signalling and membrane trafficking pathways. Biochem. J.2007; 403:e9-11.

Roach WG, Chavez JA, Miinea CP, et al. Substrate specificity and effect on GLUT4 translocation of the Rab GTPase-activating protein Tbc1d1. Biochem J.2007; 403:353-8.

Stone S, Abkevich V, Russell DL, et al. TBC1D1 is a candidate for a severe obesity gene and evidence for a gene/gene interaction in obesity predisposition. Hum. Mol. Genet.2006; 15:2709-20.