

**POFUT1 Antibody**  
**Catalog # ASC10751****Specification**

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**POFUT1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q9H488</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NP_056167</a> , <a href="#">27436889</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Application Notes	POFUT1 antibody can be used for the detection of POFUT1 by Western blot at 0.5 - 1 µg/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 2.5 µg/mL.

**POFUT1 Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID **23509**

**Target/Specificity**

POFUT1; At least two isoforms of POFUT1 are known to exist. This antibody is predicted to not cross-react with POFUT2.

**Reconstitution & Storage**

POFUT1 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

**Precautions**

POFUT1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**POFUT1 Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** POFUT1

**Synonyms** FUT12, KIAA0180

**Function**

Catalyzes the reaction that attaches fucose through an O- glycosidic linkage to a conserved serine or threonine residue found in the consensus sequence C2-X(4,5)-[S/T]-C3 of EGF domains, where C2 and C3 are the second and third conserved cysteines. Specifically uses GDP- fucose as donor substrate and proper disulfide pairing of the substrate EGF domains is required for fucose transfer. Plays a crucial role in NOTCH signaling. Initial fucosylation of NOTCH by POFUT1 generates a substrate for FRINGE/RFNG, an acetylglucosaminyltransferase that can then extend the fucosylation on the NOTCH EGF repeats. This extended fucosylation is required for optimal ligand binding and canonical NOTCH signaling induced by DLL1 or JAGGED1. Fucosylates AGRN and

determines its ability to cluster acetylcholine receptors (AChRs).

**Cellular Location**

Endoplasmic reticulum {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q6EV70}

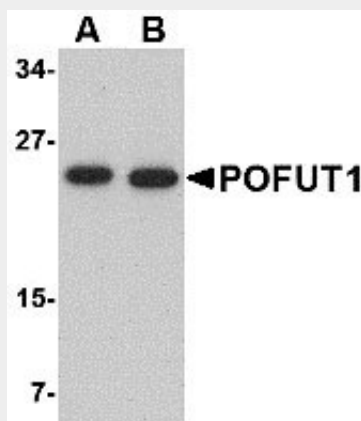
**Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas

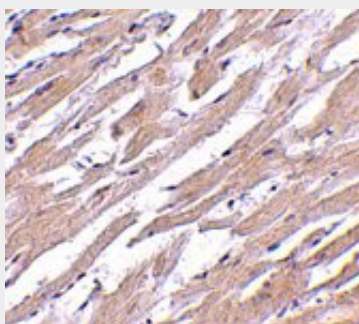
**POFUT1 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**POFUT1 Antibody - Images**

Western blot analysis of POFUT1 in human heart tissue lysate with POFUT1 antibody at (A) 0.5 and (B) 1 µg/mL.



Immunohistochemistry of POFUT1 in human heart tissue with POFUT antibody at 2.5 µg/mL.

**POFUT1 Antibody - Background**

POFUT1 Antibody: POFUT1, an endoplasmic reticulum-residing member of the glycosyltransferase

O-Fuc family, adds O-fucose through an O-glycosidic linkage to conserved serine or threonines in epidermal growth factor-like repeats of several cell surface and secreted proteins. Unlike its homolog POFUT2, POFUT1 can also catalyze the transfer of fucose to thrombospondin type 1 repeats. Many of the substrates of POFUT1 are involved in ligand-induced receptor signaling. One such protein is Notch; mouse ES cells lacking POFUT have normal levels of Notch receptors at the cell surface, but these receptors do not bind Notch ligands or exhibit Notch signaling.

#### **POFUT1 Antibody - References**

Wang Y, Shao L, Shi S, et al. Modification of epidermal growth factor-like repeats with O-fucose. Molecular cloning and expression of a novel GDP-fucose protein O-fucosyltransferase. J. Biol. Chem.2001; 276:40338-45.  
Loriol C, Dupuy F, Rampal R, et al. Molecular evolution of protein O-fucosyltransferase genes and splice variants. Glycobiology2006; 16:736-47.  
Stahl M, Uemura K, Ge C, et al. Roles of POFUT1 and O-fucose in mammalian Notch signaling. J. Biol. Chem.2008; 283:13638-51.