

Beta-actin Antibody Catalog # ASC10844

Specification

Beta-actin Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, ICC, E
Primary Accession	P60709
Other Accession	AAH02409 , 12803203
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Chicken
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgY
Application Notes	beta-actin antibody can be used for the detection of beta-actin by Western blot at 1 - 2 µg/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunocytochemistry starting at 2 µg/mL.

Beta-actin Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID	60
Target/Specificity	
ACTB;	

Reconstitution & Storage

Beta-actin antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Precautions

Beta-actin Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Beta-actin Antibody - Protein Information

Name ACTB

Function

Actin is a highly conserved protein that polymerizes to produce filaments that form cross-linked networks in the cytoplasm of cells (PubMed:25255767, PubMed:29581253). Actin exists in both monomeric (G-actin) and polymeric (F-actin) forms, both forms playing key functions, such as cell motility and contraction (PubMed:29581253). In addition to their role in the cytoplasmic cytoskeleton, G- and F- actin also localize in the nucleus, and regulate gene transcription and motility and repair of damaged DNA (PubMed:29925947). Plays a role in the assembly of the gamma-tubulin ring complex (gTURC), which regulates the minus-end nucleation of alpha-beta tubulin heterodimers that grow into microtubule protofilaments

(PubMed:39321809, PubMed:38609661). Part of the ACTR1A/ACTB filament around which the dynein complex is built (By similarity). The dynein multiprotein complex activates the molecular motor dynein for ultra-processive transport along microtubules (By similarity).

Cellular Location

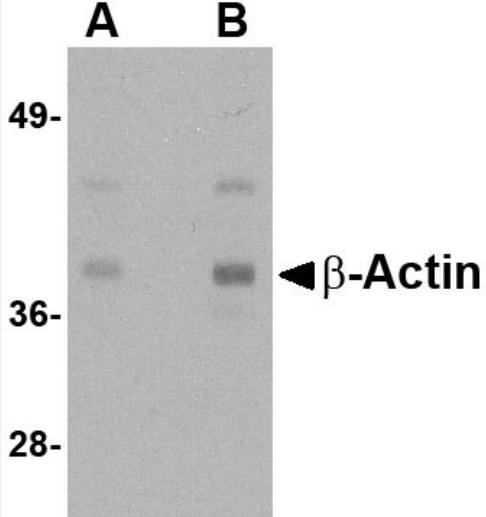
Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Nucleus Note=Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing untranslated mRNAs.

Beta-actin Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Beta-actin Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of actin in HeLa cell lysate with b-actin antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2 µg/mL.



Immunocytochemistry of Actin in HeLa cells with Actin antibody at 2 µg/mL.

Beta-actin Antibody - Background

Beta-actin Antibody: Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in cell motility, structure and integrity, processes that are crucial for tissue development and the development of organism. The actin cytoskeleton is one of the principal drivers of cell motility and is capable of responding to complex signaling cascades. Recent evidence suggests that it may play key roles in regulating apoptosis and aging. Beta actin is one of six different actin isoforms which have been identified. Like GAPDH, beta-actin is constitutively expressed at high levels in almost all tissues and cell lines making it ideal for use as a loading control marker in immunoblots.

Beta-actin Antibody - References

Lambrechts A, Van Troys, M and Ampe C. The actin cytoskeleton in normal and pathological cell motility. *Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol.* 2004; 36:1890-909.
Gourlay CW and Ayscough KR. The actin cytoskeleton: a key regulator of apoptosis and ageing? *Nat. Rev.* 2005; 6:583-9.