

RCAN2 Antibody

Catalog # ASC10857

Specification

RCAN2 Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Application Notes

WB, IHC, IF <u>O9JHG2</u> <u>AAH62141</u>, <u>38328420</u>

Polyclonal

Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit

IgG

RCAN2 antibody can be used for detection of RCAN2 by Western blot at $1 - 2 \mu g/mL$.

Antibody can also be used for

immunohistochemistry starting at 2.5 µg/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20

μg/mL.

RCAN2 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID **53901**

Target/Specificity

Rcan2:

Reconstitution & Storage

RCAN2 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Precautions

RCAN2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

RCAN2 Antibody - Protein Information

Name Rcan2

Synonyms Dscr1l1, Zaki4

Function

Inhibits calcineurin-dependent transcriptional responses by binding to the catalytic domain of calcineurin A. Could play a role during central nervous system development.

Tissue Location

Highest expression in heart, skeletal muscle and brain. Lower expression in all other tissues

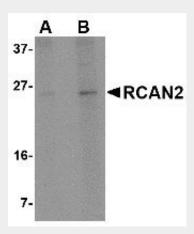


RCAN2 Antibody - Protocols

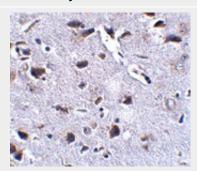
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

RCAN2 Antibody - Images

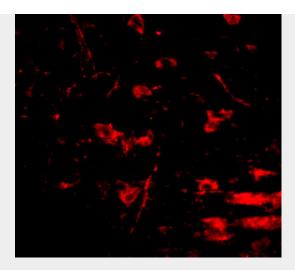


Western blot analysis of RCAN2 in 3T3 cell lysate with RCAN2 antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2 μg/mL.



Immunohistochemistry of RCAN2 in mouse brain tissue with RCAN2 antibody at 2.5 μg/mL.





Immunofluorescence of RCAN2 in mouse brain tissue with RCAN2 antibody at 20 μg/mL.

RCAN2 Antibody - Background

RCAN2 Antibody: Regulator of calcineurin 2 (RCAN2), also known as ZAKI4 and DSCR1L1, is expressed as two isoforms differing at their N-terminus. The longer of the two (isoform 1) is expressed exclusively in the brain, while isoform 2 is ubiquitously expressed, with highest expression in brain, heart, and muscle. Both isoforms bind to the catalytic subunit of calcineurin, a Ca++-dependent protein phosphatase involved in several neuronal functions, though their C-terminal region and inhibit calcineurin's activity. Unlike isoform 1 of RCAN2, the expression of the second isoform is not induced by the thyroid hormone T3. RCAN2 is a member of a family of three endogenous calcineurin regulators that are located near the minimal supernumerary fragment of chromosome 21 in individuals with Down syndrome, suggesting that they play a role in this syndrome. Multiple isoforms of RCAN2 are known to exist.

RCAN2 Antibody - References

Miyazaki T, Kanou Y, Murata Y, et al. Molecular cloning of a novel thyroid hormone-responsive gene, ZAKI-4, in human skin fibroblasts. J. Biol. Chem.1996; 271:14567-71.

Rothermal B, Vega RB, Yang J, et al. A protein encoded within the Down syndrome critical region is enriched in striated muscles and inhibits calcineurin signaling. J. Biol. Chem.2000; 275:8719-25.

Cao X, Kambe F, Miyazaki Y, et al. Novel human ZAKI-4 isoforms: hormonal and tissue-specific regulation and function as calcineurin inhibitors. Biochem. J.2002; 367:459-66.

Fuentes JJ, Genesca L, Kingsbury TJ, et al. DSCR1, overexpressed in Down syndrome, is an inhibitor of calcineurin-mediated signaling pathways. Hum. Mol. Genet.2000; 9:1681-90.