

**CKIP1 Antibody**  
**Catalog # ASC10993****Specification**

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**CKIP1 Antibody - Product Information**

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Application       | WB, E   |
| Primary Accession | <a href="#">Q53GL0</a>  |
| Other Accession   | <a href="#">NP_057358</a> , <a href="#">20149626</a>                              |
| Reactivity        | Human, Mouse, Rat   |
| Host              | Rabbit  |
| Clonality         | Polyclonal  |
| Isotype           | IgG   |
| Application Notes | CKIP1 antibody can be used for detection of CKIP1 by Western blot at 1 - 2 µg/mL. |

**CKIP1 Antibody - Additional Information**

|                    |       |
|--------------------|-------|
| Gene ID            | 51177 |
| Target/Specificity |       |
| PLEKHO1;           |       |

**Reconstitution & Storage**

CKIP1 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

**Precautions**

CKIP1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**CKIP1 Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** PLEKHO1

**Synonyms** CKIP1, OC120

**Function**

Plays a role in the regulation of the actin cytoskeleton through its interactions with actin capping protein (CP). May function to target CK2 to the plasma membrane thereby serving as an adapter to facilitate the phosphorylation of CP by protein kinase 2 (CK2). Appears to target ATM to the plasma membrane. Appears to also inhibit tumor cell growth by inhibiting AKT-mediated cell-survival. Also implicated in PI3K-regulated muscle differentiation, the regulation of AP-1 activity (plasma membrane bound AP-1 regulator that translocates to the nucleus) and the promotion of apoptosis induced by tumor necrosis factor TNF. When bound to PKB, it inhibits it probably by decreasing PKB level of phosphorylation.

**Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Nucleus. Cytoplasm Note=Predominantly localized to the plasma membrane through the binding to phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate

(PubMed:14729969). In C2C12 cells, with the absence of growth factor, it is found in the nucleus (PubMed:14729969). It rapidly translocates to the plasma membrane after insulin stimulation (PubMed:14729969). In response to TNF, it translocates from the plasma membrane to the cytoplasm and then to the nucleus accompanied by cleavage by caspase-3 (PubMed:15706351). However, the subcellular location is highly dependent of the cell type, and this explains why it is found exclusively at the plasma membrane, in some type of cells (Probable).  
{ECO:0000269|PubMed:14729969, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15706351, ECO:0000305}

#### **Tissue Location**

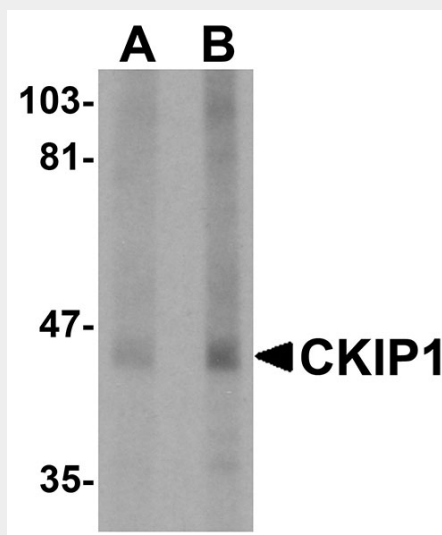
Abundantly expressed in skeletal muscle and heart, moderately in kidney, liver, brain and placenta and sparingly in the pancreas and lung. Easily detectable in cell lines such as MOLT-4, HEK293 and Jurkat.

#### **CKIP1 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### **CKIP1 Antibody - Images**



Western blot analysis of CKIP1 in human lung tissue lysate with CKIP1 antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2 µg/mL.

#### **CKIP1 Antibody - Background**

**CKIP1 Antibody:** CKIP1 was identified through a yeast-two hybrid screening as a protein that would interact with only one of the two catalytic subunits of the casein kinase 2 complex. CKIP1 is a pleckstrin homology domain-containing protein localized within the nucleus and at the plasma membrane that interacts with CK2alpha but not CK2alpha', and is thought to play a role in targeting

CK2alpha to a particular cellular location. CKIP1 has been implicated in muscle differentiation and the regulation of cell morphology and actin cytoskeleton. CKIP1 can also interact with other proteins such as ATM, an upstream kinase of p53, and recruit the nuclear ATM to the plasma membrane, suggesting CKIP1 may regulate ATM function through re-localizing ATM. CKIP1 can also form a complex with the kinase AKT, leading to a down-regulation of PI3K/AKT signaling and suppression of tumor growth in vivo.

#### **CKIP1 Antibody - References**

Bosc DG, Graham KC, Sauliner RB, et al. Identification and characterization of CKIP-1, a novel pleckstrin homology domain-containing protein that interacts with protein kinase CK2. J. Biol. Chem.2000; 275:14295-306.

Safi A, Vandromme M, Caussanel S, et al. Role for the pleckstrin homology domain-containing protein CKIP-1 in phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase-regulated muscle differentiation. Mol. Cell Biol.2004; 24:1245-55.

Canton DA, Olsten ME, Kim K, et al. The pleckstrin homology domain-containing protein CKIP-1 is involved in regulation of cell morphology and the actin cytoskeleton and interaction with actin capping protein. Mol. Cell Biol.2005; 25:3519-34.

Zhang L, Tie Y, Tian C, et al. CKIP-1 recruits nuclear ATM partially to the plasma membrane through interaction with ATM. Cell Signal.2006; 18:86-95.