

ZIP2 Antibody

Catalog # ASC11244

Specification

ZIP2 Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Application Notes

WB, IHC, IF
Q9NP94
NP_055394, 156415986
Human, Mouse, Rat
Rabbit
Polyclonal
IgG
ZIP2 antibody can be used for detection of
ZIP2 by Western blot at 1 μg/mL. Antibody
can also be used for
immunohistochemistry starting at 2.5
μg/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20
μg/mL.

ZIP2 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID Target/Specificity SLC39A2; 29986

Reconstitution & Storage

ZIP2 antibody can be stored at 4° C for three months and -20° C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Precautions

ZIP2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ZIP2 Antibody - Protein Information

Name SLC39A2 (<u>HGNC:17127</u>)

Synonyms ZIP2

Function

Transporter for the divalent cation Zn(2+) (PubMed:10681536, PubMed:29791142, PubMed:30914478). Mediates the influx of Zn(2+) into cells from extracellular space. The Zn(2+) uniporter activity is independent of H(+)-driving force, but is modulated by extracellular pH and membrane potential. Transports also other divalent cations Zn(2+), Cd2(+), Cu2(+), Co2(+) in the order of decreasing affinity, respectively (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29791142"





target="_blank">29791142, PubMed:30914478). In the skin, aids in the differentiation of keratinocytes in the epidermis (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

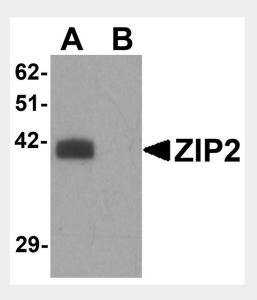
Expressed only in prostate and uterine epithelial cells.

ZIP2 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

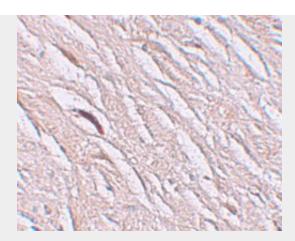
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

ZIP2 Antibody - Images

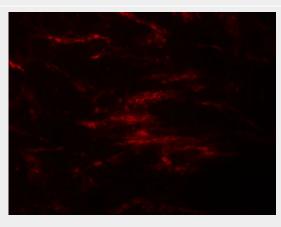


Western blot analysis of ZIP2 in rat brain tissue lysate with ZIP2 antibody at 1 μ g/mL in (A) the absence and (B) the presence of blocking peptide.





Immunohistochemistry of ZIP2 in human brain tissue with ZIP2 antibody at 2.5 µg/mL.



Immunofluorescence of ZIP2 in human brain tissue with ZIP2 antibody at 20 µg/mL.

ZIP2 Antibody - Background

ZIP2 Antibody: The zinc transporter ZIP2, also known as SLC39A2, is a member of a family of divalent ion transporters. Zinc is an essential ion for cells and plays significant roles in the growth, development, and differentiation. Similar to knock-outs of ZIP1 and ZIP3, ZIP2-null mice have no phenotypic differences compared to wild-type mice. Only when ZIP1, ZIP2, and ZIP3 genes are all eliminated and these mutant mice are fed a zinc-deficient diet do abnormalities such as reduced embryonic-membrane bound alkaline phosphatase activity and abnormal development occur, indicating that the ZIP1-3 proteins play an important, noncompensatory role when zinc is deficient. More recent studies have shown that ZIP2 and ZIP3 are down regulated in human prostate adenocarcinomatous glands, and may be important in the retention of zinc in the cellular compartment.

ZIP2 Antibody - References

Gaither LA and Eide DJ. Functional expression of the human hZIP2 zinc transporter. J. Biol. Chem.2000; 275:5560-4.

Eide DJ. The SLC39 family of metal ion transporters. Pflugers Arch.2004; 447:796-800. Taylor KM and Nicohlson RI. The LZT proteins; the LIV-1 subfamily of zinc transporters. Biochim. Biophys. Acta.2003; 1611:16-30.

Kambe T, Geiser J, Lahner B, et al. Slc39a1 to 3 (subfamily II) Zip genes in mice have unique cell-specific functions during adaptation to zinc deficiency. Am. J. Physiol. Regul. Integr. Comp. Physiol.2008; 294:R1474-81.