

PRR5 Antibody Catalog # ASC11316

# Specification

# PRR5 Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Application Notes WB, IHC-P, IF, E <u>P85299</u> <u>NP\_851850</u>, <u>31317218</u> Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal IgG PRR5 antibody can be used for detection of PRR5 by Western blot at 1 µg/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 5 µg/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20 µg/mL.

## PRR5 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 55615 Target/Specificity PRR5; PRR5 antibody is predicted to not cross-react with other Protor protein family members.

#### **Reconstitution & Storage**

PRR5 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

**Precautions** PRR5 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## PRR5 Antibody - Protein Information

Name PRR5

Synonyms PROTOR1

#### Function

Associated subunit of mTORC2, which regulates cell growth and survival in response to hormonal signals (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17461779"

target="\_blank">17461779</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17599906" target="\_blank">17599906</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29424687" target="\_blank">29424687</a>). mTORC2 is activated by growth factors, but, in contrast to mTORC1, seems to be nutrient-insensitive (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17461779" target="\_blank">17461779</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17599906" target="\_blank">17599906</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29424687" target="\_blank">29424687</a>). mTORC2



seems to function upstream of Rho GTPases to regulate the actin cytoskeleton, probably by activating one or more Rho-type guanine nucleotide exchange factors (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17461779" target="\_blank">17461779</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17599906" target="\_blank">17599906</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29424687" target="\_blank">29424687</a>). PRR5 plays an important role in regulation of PDGFRB expression and in modulation of platelet-derived growth factor signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17599906" target="\_blank">17599906" target="\_blank">17599906" target="\_blank">29424687</a>). PRR5 plays an important role in regulation of PDGFRB expression and in modulation of platelet-derived growth factor signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17599906" target="\_blank">17599906</a>). May act as a tumor suppressor in breast cancer (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15718101" target=" blank">15718101</a>).

**Tissue Location** 

Most abundant in kidney and liver. Also highly expressed in brain, spleen, testis and placenta. Overexpressed in several colorectal tumors.

### PRR5 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

PRR5 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of PRR5 in SK-N-SH cell lysate with PRR5 antibody at 1  $\mu$ g/mL in (A) the absence and (B) the presence of blocking peptide





Immunohistochemistry of PPR5 in mouse brain tissue with PPR5 antibody at 5 µg/mL.



Immunofluorescence of PPR5 in mouse brain tissue with PPR5 antibody at 20 µg/mL.

## PRR5 Antibody - Background

PRR5 Antibody: Proline-rich protein 5 (PRR5), also known as Protor-1, is a 388 amino acid protein in Protor family, is thought to act as a tumor suppressor in breast and colorectal tumorigenesis. PRR5 is widely expressed and possesses two RICTOR interaction sites and a C-terminal Proline rich region. It promotes Rapamycin complex 2 (mTORC2) activity. There are four isoforms of PRR5 that are produced as a result of alternative splicing events and these isoforms play an important role in the modulation of platelet-derived growth factor signaling and in the regulation of PDGFR-beta expression.

#### **PRR5 Antibody - References**

Johnstone CN, Castellvi-Bel S, Chang LM, et al. PRR5 encodes a conserved proline-rich protein predominant in kidney: analysis of genomic organization, expression, and mutation status in breast and colorectal carcinomas. Genomics 2005; 85:338-51.

Pearce LR, Huang X, Boudeau J, et al. Identification of Protor as a novel Rictor-binding component of mTOR complex-2. Biochem. J. 2007; 405:513-22.

Woo SY, Kim DH, Jun CB, et al. PRR5, a novel component of mTOR complex 2, regulates platelet-derived growth factor receptor expression and signaling. J. Biol. Chem. 2007; 282:25604-12.