

EI24 Antibody

Catalog # ASC11374

Specification

EI24 Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Application Notes WB, IHC-P, E <u>O14681</u> NP_004870, <u>55956766</u> Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal IgG El24 antibody can be used for detection of El24 by Western blot at 1 - 2 μg/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 5 μg/mL.

EI24 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID

9538

Target/Specificity EI24; At least two isoforms of EI24 are known to exist; this antibody will only detect the larger isoform.

Reconstitution & Storage

El24 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Precautions

EI24 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

EI24 Antibody - Protein Information

Name El24

Synonyms PIG8

Function

Acts as a negative growth regulator via p53-mediated apoptosis pathway. Regulates formation of degradative autolysosomes during autophagy (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasm. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein



EI24 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

EI24 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of El24 in rat liver tissue lysate with El24 antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2 μ g/mL.



Immunohistochemistry of EI24 in rat liver tissue with EI24 antibody at 5 μ g/mL.

EI24 Antibody - Background

EI24 Antibody: The etoposide-induced 24 (EI24) protein is an immediate-early induction target of p53-mediated apoptosis and functions as a tumor suppressor. EI24 contains six transmembrane domains and is localized to the endoplasmic reticulum (ER). It binds to Bcl-2 and may contribute to apoptosis by modulating the activity and function of Bcl-2. EI24 is highly mutated in aggressive breast cancers and its loss in breast cancer tissue correlates with tumor invasiveness. Similar



findings in invasive cervical carcinoma suggest that EI24 may be a promising therapeutic target in the treatment of invasive cancer.

EI24 Antibody - References

Lehar SM, Nacht M, Jacks T, et al. Identification and cloning of EI24, a gene induced by p53 in etoposide-treated cells. Oncogene 1996; 12:1181-7.

Gu Z, Flemington C, Chittenden T, et al. ei24, a p53 response gene involved in growth suppression and apoptosis. Mol. Cell Biol. 2000; 20:233-41

Zhao X, Ayer RE, Davis SL, et al. Apoptosis factor EI24/PIG8 is a novel endoplasmic

reticulum-localized Bcl-2-binding protein which is associated with suppression of breast cancer invasiveness. Cancer Res. 2005; 65:2125-9.

Mazumder D, Mitra S, Singh RK, et al. Inactivation of CHEK1 and EI24 are associated with the development of invasive cervical carcinoma: clinical and prognostic implications. Int. J. Cancer 2010; epub