

## **CCNT1 Antibody**

Catalog # ASC11611

## **Specification**

# **CCNT1 Antibody - Product Information**

**Application Primary Accession** Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype

Calculated MW **Application Notes**  WB, IHC-P, IF, E

060563

NP 001231, 17978466 Human, Mouse, Rat

**Rabbit Polyclonal** 

IaG

Predicted: 80 kDa KDa

**CCNT1** antibody can be used for detection of CCNT1 by Western blot at 1 - 2 μg/mL.

## **CCNT1** Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 904

Target/Specificity CCNT1;

## **Reconstitution & Storage**

CCNT1 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.

#### **Precautions**

CCNT1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### **CCNT1 Antibody - Protein Information**

#### Name CCNT1

#### **Function**

Regulatory subunit of the cyclin-dependent kinase pair (CDK9/cyclin-T1) complex, also called positive transcription elongation factor B (P-TEFb), which facilitates the transition from abortive to productive elongation by phosphorylating the CTD (C-terminal domain) of the large subunit of RNA polymerase II (RNA Pol II) (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16109376" target=" blank">16109376</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16109377" target="\_blank">16109377</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30134174" target="blank">30134174</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35393539" target="blank">35393539</a>). Required to activate the protein kinase activity of CDK9: acts by mediating formation of liquid-liquid phase separation (LLPS) that enhances binding of P-TEFb to the CTD of RNA Pol II (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29849146" target=" blank">29849146</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35393539" target=" blank">35393539</a>).

**Cellular Location** Nucleus



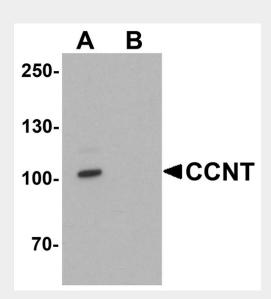
**Tissue Location**Ubiquitously expressed.

# **CCNT1 Antibody - Protocols**

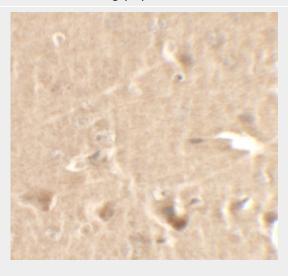
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **CCNT1 Antibody - Images**

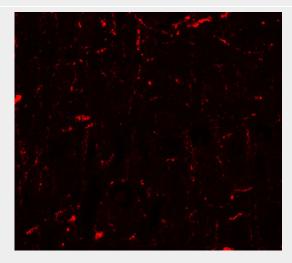


Western blot analysis of CCNT1 in rat brain tissue lysate with CCNT1 antibody at 1  $\mu$ g/mL in (A) the absence and (B) the presence of blocking peptide.





## Immunohistochemistry of CCNT1 in rat brain tissue with CCNT1 antibody at 2.5 µg/ml.



Immunofluorescence of CCNT1 in rat brain tissue with CCNT1 antibody at 20 μg/ml.

## **CCNT1 Antibody - Background**

CCNT1 Antibody: Cyclins function as regulators of CDK kinases and exhibit distinct expression and degradation patterns which contribute to the temporal coordination of each mitotic event. The cyclin-T1 protein (CCNT1) belongs to the highly conserved cyclin family, whose members are characterized by a dramatic periodicity in protein abundance through the cell cycle. CCNT1 tightly associates with CDK9 kinase, and was found to be a major subunit of the transcription elongation factor p-TEFb. The kinase complex containing CCNT1 and the elongation factor can interact with, and act as a cofactor of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) Tat protein, and was shown to be both necessary and sufficient for full activation of viral transcription. CCNT1 and its kinase partner were also found to be involved in the phosphorylation and regulation of the carboxy-terminal domain (CTD) of the largest RNA polymerase II subunit.

### **CCNT1 Antibody - References**

Uhlmann F, Bouchoux C, and Lopez-Aviles S. A quantitative model for cyclin-dependent kinase control of the cell cycle: revisited. Philos. Trans. R. Soc. Lond. B. biol. Sci. 2011; 366:3572-83. Wei P, Garber ME, Fang SM, et al. A novel CDK9-associated C-type cyclin interacts directly with HIV-1 Tat and mediates its high-affinity, loop-specific binding to TAR RNA. Cell 1998; 92:451-62. Mancebo HS, Lee G, Flygare J, et al. P-TEFb kinase is require for HIV Tat transcriptional activation in vivo and in vitro. Genes Dev. 1997; 11:2633-44.

Majello B and Napolitano G. Control of RNA polymerase II activity by dedicated CTD kinases and phosphatases. Front. Biosci. 2001; 6:D1358-68.