

WAC Antibody

Catalog # ASC11640

Specification

WAC Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW

WB, IHC-P, IF, E <u>O9BTA9</u> <u>NP_057712</u>, <u>18379328</u> Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal IgG Predicted: **71** kDa

Application Notes

Observed: 75 kDa KDa WAC Antibody can be used for detection of WAC by Western blot at 1 µg/mL.

WAC Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 51322 Target/Specificity WAC; At least two isoforms of WAC are known to exist; this antibody will detect the larger isoform.

Reconstitution & Storage WAC antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.

Precautions WAC Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

WAC Antibody - Protein Information

Name WAC

Synonyms KIAA1844

Function

Acts as a linker between gene transcription and histone H2B monoubiquitination at 'Lys-120' (H2BK120ub1) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21329877"

target="_blank">21329877). Interacts with the RNA polymerase II transcriptional machinery via its WW domain and with RNF20-RNF40 via its coiled coil region, thereby linking and regulating H2BK120ub1 and gene transcription (PubMed:21329877). Regulates the cell-cycle checkpoint activation in response to DNA damage (PubMed:21329877). Positive regulator of amino acid starvation-induced autophagy (PubMed:22354037). Also acts as a negative regulator of basal autophagy (PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26812014" target="_blank">26812014). Positively regulates MTOR activity by promoting, in an energy-dependent manner, the assembly of the TTT complex composed of TELO2, TTI1 and TTI2 and the RUVBL complex composed of RUVBL1 and RUVBL2 into the TTT-RUVBL complex. This leads to the dimerization of the mTORC1 complex and its subsequent activation (PubMed:26812014). May negatively regulate the ubiquitin proteasome pathway (PubMed:21329877).

Cellular Location

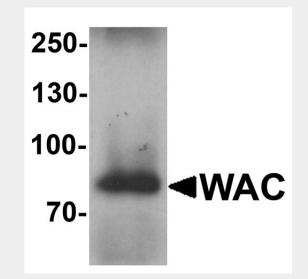
Nucleus speckle {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q924H7}. Nucleus. Note=In distinct nuclear speckles. Colocalizes with pre-mRNA processing complexes {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q924H7}

WAC Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

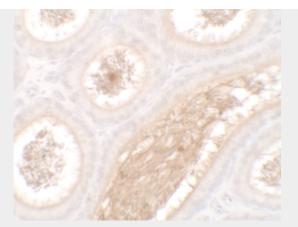
- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

WAC Antibody - Images

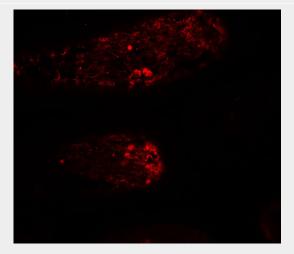


Western blot analysis of WAC in human testis tissue lysate with WAC antibody at 1 µg/mL.





Immunohistochemistry of WAC in mouse testis tissue with WAC antibody at 2.5 µg/ml.



Immunofluorescence of WAC in mouse testis tissue with WAC antibody at 5 μ g/ml.

WAC Antibody - Background

WAC Antibody: The WW domain containing adaptor with coiled-coil protein (WAC) contains a WW domain that mediates protein-protein interactions and colocalizes with RNA splicing factor SC35. Further studies have indicated that WAC is a functional partner of the RNF20/40 complex that ubiquitinates Histone H2B, and that WAC regulates H2B ubiquitination. WAC targets RNF20/40 to associate with RNA polymerase II complex for H2B ubiquitination at active transcription sites. WAC-dependent transcription is also important for cell-cycle checkpoint activation in response to genotoxic stress.

WAC Antibody - References

Xu GM and Arnaout MA. WAC, a novel WW domain-containing adapter with a coiled-coil region, is colocalized with splicing factor SC35. Genomics 2002; 79:87-94. Zhang F and Yu X. WAC, a functional partner of RNF20/40, regulates histone H2B ubiquitination and gene transcription. Mol. Cell 2011; 41:384-97.