

#### **KHDC1** Antibody

Catalog # ASC11678

#### **Specification**

# **KHDC1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC Primary Accession Q4VXA5

Other Accession
Reactivity
NP\_085045, 117956389
Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype IgG

Calculated MW Predicted: 18 kDa

Observed: 26 kDa KDa

Application Notes

KHDC1 antibody can be used for detection of KHDC1 by Western blot at 1 - 2 μg/mL.

#### **KHDC1** Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID **80759** 

**Target/Specificity** 

KHDC1; KHDC1 antibody is human, mouse and rat reactive. At least three isoforms of KHDC1 are known to exist; this antibody will only detect the longest isoform.

#### **Reconstitution & Storage**

KHDC1 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.

#### **Precautions**

KHDC1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **KHDC1 Antibody - Protein Information**

Name KHDC1 (HGNC:21366)

**Cellular Location** 

Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

#### **KHDC1 Antibody - Protocols**

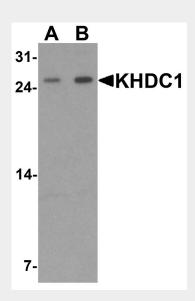
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry

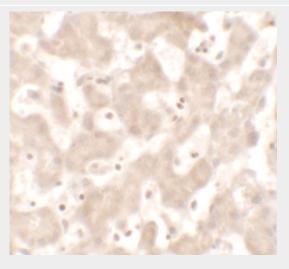


- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## KHDC1 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of KHDC1 in rat liver tissue lysate with KHDC1 antibody at (A) 0.5 and (B)  $1 \mu g/mL$ .



Immunohistochemistry of KHDC1 in human liver tissue with KHDC1 antibody at 5 µg/mL.

# KHDC1 Antibody - Background

KHDC1 Antibody: KHDC1 family members are K-homology (KH) domain-containing RNA binding proteins that are involved in various aspects of RNA metabolism, ranging from transcription to RNA splicing, transportation, translation, and stability (1). KHDC1 is highly expressed in oocytes and interacts with cytoplasmic polyadenylation element-binding protein 1 (CPEB1), a key translational regulator controlling the polyA length of mRNAs (2,3). KHDC1 functions as a global translational repressor and induces apoptosis through an ER-dependent signaling pathway and that the C-terminal putative trans-membrane motif (TMM) is critical for its activities (3,4).

### **KHDC1 Antibody - References**





Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

Valverde R, Edwards L, and Regan L. Structure and function of KH domains. FEBS J. 2008; 275:2712-26.

Pierre A, Gautier M, Callebaut I, et al. Atypical structure and phylogenomic evolution of the new eutherian oocyte- and embryo-expressed KHDC1/DPPA5/ECAT1/OOEP gene family. Genomics 2007; 90:583-94.

Cai C, Liu J, Wang C, et al. KHDC1A, a novel translational repressor, induces endoplasmic reticulum-dependent apoptosis. DNA Cell Biol. 2012; 31:1447-57.