

#### **SNCA Antibody**

Catalog # ASC11829

# **Specification**

# **SNCA Antibody - Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC-P, IF, E

**Primary Accession** P37840

Other Accession NP 000336, 6806898 Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat Host **Rabbit** 

Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype laG

Calculated MW Predicted: 12 kDa

Observed: 16 kDa KDa

SNCA antibody can be used for detection of **Application Notes** 

SNCA by Western blot at 1 - 2 µg/ml.

Antibody can also be used for

Immunohistochemistry starting at 5 µg/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20 µg/mL.

# **SNCA Antibody - Additional Information**

6622 Gene ID

Target/Specificity

SNCA; SNCA antibody is human, mouse and rat reactive. At least three isoforms of SNCA are known to exist.

### **Reconstitution & Storage**

Antibody can be stored at 4°C up to one year. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

#### **Precautions**

SNCA Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **SNCA Antibody - Protein Information**

#### Name SNCA

Synonyms NACP, PARK1

# **Function**

Neuronal protein that plays several roles in synaptic activity such as regulation of synaptic vesicle trafficking and subsequent neurotransmitter release (PubMed: <a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20798282" target="\_blank">20798282</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26442590" target="\_blank">26442590</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28288128" target="\_blank">28288128</a>, PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30404828" target="\_blank">30404828</a>). Participates



as a monomer in synaptic vesicle exocytosis by enhancing vesicle priming, fusion and dilation of exocytotic fusion pores (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28288128" target="\_blank">28288128</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30404828" target="\_blank">30404828</a>). Mechanistically, acts by increasing local Ca(2+) release from microdomains which is essential for the enhancement of ATP-induced exocytosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30404828" target="\_blank">30404828</a>). Also acts as a molecular chaperone in its multimeric membrane-bound state, assisting in the folding of synaptic fusion components called SNAREs (Soluble NSF Attachment Protein REceptors) at presynaptic plasma membrane in conjunction with cysteine string protein-alpha/DNAJC5 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20798282" target="\_blank">20798282</a>). This chaperone activity is important to sustain normal SNARE-complex assembly during aging (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20798282" target="\_blank">20798282</a>). Also plays a role in the regulation of the dopamine neurotransmission by associating with the dopamine transporter (DAT1) and thereby modulating its activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26442590" target=" blank">26442590</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Membrane Nucleus Synapse. Secreted. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O55042}. Note=Membrane-bound in dopaminergic neurons (PubMed:15282274). Expressed and colocalized with SEPTIN4 in dopaminergic axon terminals, especially at the varicosities (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O55042, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15282274}

#### **Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in presynaptic terminals in the central nervous system. Expressed principally in brain

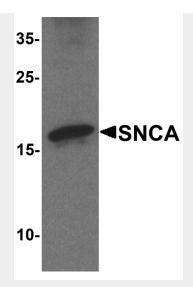
# **SNCA Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

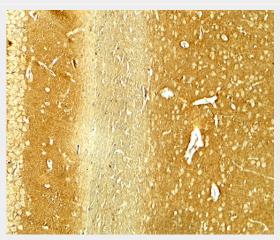
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

#### **SNCA Antibody - Images**

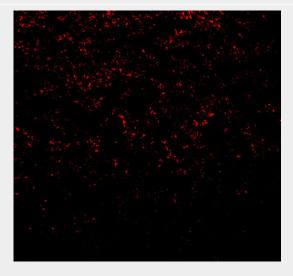




Western blot analysis of SNCA in mouse cerebellum tissue lysate with SNCA antibody at  $1 \mu g/ml$ .



Immunohistochemistry of SNCA in rat brain tissue with SNCA antibody at 5 μg/ml.



Immunofluorescence of SNCA in rat brain tissue with SNCA antibody at 20 µg/ml.

# **SNCA Antibody - Background**

Alpha-Synuclein (SNCA) is a hallmark of Alzheimer's disease (1,2). It is a cytoplasmic protein that is







predominantly expressed in the central nervous system (2). SNCA reduces neuronal responsiveness to various apoptotic stimuli, leading to the decreased caspase-3 activation. SNCA may be involved in the regulation of dopamine release and transport and induces fibrillization of microtubule-associated protein tau (3). Defects in SNCA are associated with familial Parkinson's disease (4,5).

## **SNCA Antibody - References**

Ueda K, Fukushima H, Masliah E, et al. Molecular cloning of cDNA encoding an unrecognized component of amyloid in Alzheimer disease. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 1993; 90:11282-6. Pronin AN, Morris AJ, Surguchov A, et al. Synucleins are a novel class of substrates for G protein-coupled receptor kinases. J. Biol. Chem. 2000; 275:26515-22. Oaks AW, Frankfurt M, Finkelstein DI, et al. Age-dependent effects of A53T alpha-synuclein on behavior and dopaminergic function. PLoS One 2013; 8:e60378. Polymeropoulos MH, Lavedan C, Leroy E, et al. Mutation in the alpha-synuclein gene identified in families with Parkinson's disease. Science 1997; 276:2045-7.