

MYH8 Antibody

Catalog # ASC11887

Specification

MYH8 Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW

Application Notes

WB, IHC-P, IF, E <u>P13535</u> <u>NP_002463</u>, <u>153945790</u> Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal IgG Predicted: 213 kDa

Observed: 220 kDa KDa MYH8 antibody can be used for detection of MYH8 by Western blot at 1 - 2 µg/ml. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 5 µg/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20 µg/mL.

MYH8 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 4626 Target/Specificity MYH8; MYH8 antibody is human, mouse and rat reactive. MYH8 antibody is predicted to not cross-react with other members of the myosin heavy chain family.

Reconstitution & Storage

MYH8 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.

Precautions MYH8 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MYH8 Antibody - Protein Information

Name MYH8

Function Muscle contraction.

Cellular Location Cytoplasm, myofibril. Note=Thick filaments of the myofibrils

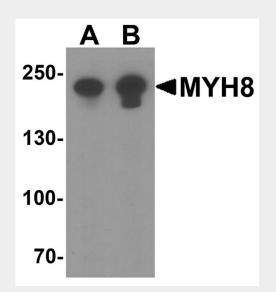
MYH8 Antibody - Protocols



Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

MYH8 Antibody - Images

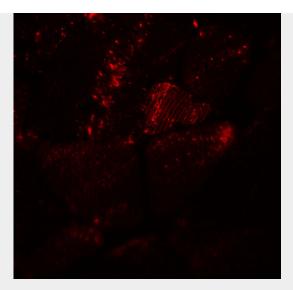


Western blot analysis of MYH8 in HeLa cell lysate with MYH8 antibody at (A) 0.5 and (B) $1 \mu g/ml$.



Immunohistochemistry of MYH8 in mouse skeletal muscle tissue with MYH8 antibody at 5 µg/ml.





Immunofluorescence of MYH8 in mouse skeletal muscle tissue with MYH8 antibody at 20 µg/ml.

MYH8 Antibody - Background

Myosins are actin-based motor proteins that function in the generation of mechanical force in eukaryotic cells (1). MYH8 (myosin, heavy chain 8, skeletal muscle, perinatal) is a member of the class II or conventional myosin heavy chains, and functions in skeletal muscle contraction (2,3). This gene is predominantly expressed in fetal skeletal muscle. MYH8 is regulated by phosphorylation via myosin light chain kinase (MLCK) and by intracellular Ca2+ concentrations (3). A mutation in this gene results in trismus-pseudocamptodactyly syndrome (4).

MYH8 Antibody - References

Yu H, Waddell JN, Kuang S, et al. Park7 expression influences myotube size and myosin expression in muscle. PLoS One 2014; 9:e92030.

Feghali R and Leinwand LA. Molecular genetic characterization of a developmentally regulated human perinatal myosin heavy chain. J. Cell Biol. 1989; 108:1791-7.

Jullian EH, Kelly AM, Pompidou AJ, et al. Characterization of a human perinatal myosin heavy-chain transcript. Eur. J. Biochem. 1995; 230:1001-6.

Minzer-Conzetti K, Wu E, Vargervik K, et al. Phenotypic variation in trismus-pseudocamptodactyly syndrome caused by a recurrent MYH8 mutation. Clin. Dysmorphol. 2008; 17:1-4.