

### **CRBN Antibody**

Catalog # ASC11899

### **Specification**

# **CRBN Antibody - Product Information**

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host

Clonality Isotype

Calculated MW

**Application Notes** 

WB, IHC-P, IF, E

<u>096SW2</u>

NP\_057386, 39545580 Human, Mouse, Rat

Rabbit Polyclonal

lgG

Predicted: 49 kDa

Observed: 54 kDa KDa

CRBN antibody can be used for detection of CRBN by Western blot at  $1 - 2 \mu g/mL$ .

Antibody can also be used for

immunohistochemistry starting at 5  $\mu$ g/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20  $\mu$ g/mL.

# **CRBN Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 51185

**Target/Specificity** 

CRBN; CRBN antibody is human, mouse and rat reactive. At least two isoforms of CRBN are known to exist; this antibody will detect both isoforms.

# **Reconstitution & Storage**

CRBN antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.

### **Precautions**

CRBN Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# **CRBN Antibody - Protein Information**

### Name CRBN

## **Function**

Substrate recognition component of a DCX (DDB1-CUL4-X-box) E3 protein ligase complex that mediates the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins, such as MEIS2, ILF2 or GLUL (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26990986" target="\_blank">26990986</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33009960" target="\_blank">33009960</a>). Normal degradation of key regulatory proteins is required for normal limb outgrowth and expression of the fibroblast growth factor FGF8 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20223979" target="\_blank">20223979</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24328678" target="\_blank">24328678</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25043012" target="\_blank">25043012</a>, PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25108355" target="\_blank">25108355</a>). Maintains presynaptic glutamate release and consequently cognitive functions, such as memory and learning, by negatively regulating large-conductance calcium-activated potassium (BK) channels in excitatory neurons (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18414909" target="\_blank">18414909" target="\_blank">18414909</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29530986" target="\_blank">29530986</a>). Likely to function by regulating the assembly and neuronal surface expression of BK channels via its interaction with KCNT1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18414909" target="\_blank">18414909</a>/a>). May also be involved in regulating anxiety-like behaviors via a BK channel-independent mechanism (By similarity). Plays a negative role in TLR4 signaling by interacting with TRAF6 and ECSIT, leading to inhibition of ECSIT ubiquitination, an important step of the signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31620128" target=" blank">31620128</a>/a>).

### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein

#### **Tissue Location**

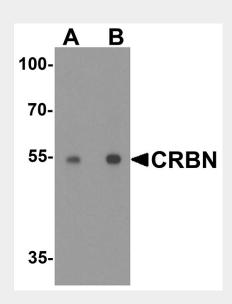
Widely expressed. Highly expressed in brain.

### **CRBN Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

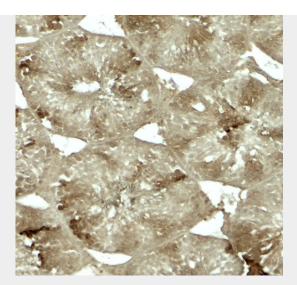
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **CRBN Antibody - Images**

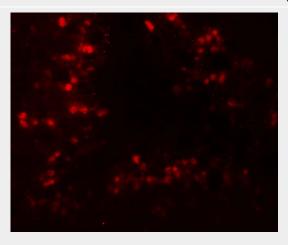


Western blot analysis of CRBN in human testis tissue lysate with CRBN antibody at (A) 0.5 and (B)  $1 \mu g/ml$ .





Immunohistochemistry of CRBN in rat testis tissue with CRBN antibody at 5 µg/mL.



Immunofluorescence of CRBN in rat testis tissue with CRBN antibody at 20 µg/mL.

# **CRBN Antibody - Background**

CRBN, a member of the Lon protease protein family, plays a role in brain development (1). It is a component of the DCX (DDB1-CUL4-X-box) E3 protein ligase complex, a complex that mediates the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins and is required for limb outgrowth and expression of the fibroblast growth factor FGF8 (2). CRBN is thought to regulate the assembly and neuronal surface expression of large-conductance calcium-activated potassium channels in brain regions involved in memory and learning via its interaction with KCNT1. It is widely expressed and highly expressed in brain (3,4).

# **CRBN Antibody - References**

Xin W, Xiaohua N, Peilin C, et al. Primary function analysis of human mental retardation related gene CRBN. Mol. Biol. Rep. 2008; 35:251-6.

Gandhi AK, Kang J, Havens CG, et al. Immunomodulatory agents lenalidomide and pomalidomide co-stimulate T cells by inducing degradation of T cell repressors Ikaros and Aiolos via modulation of the E3 ubiquitin ligase complex CRL4(CRBN). Br. J. Haematol. 2014; 164:811-21.

Liu J, Ye J, Zou X, et al. CRL4A (CRBN) E3 ubiquitin ligase restricts BK channel activity and prevents epileptogenesis. Nat. Commun. 2014; 5:3924.

Heintel D, Rocci A, Ludwig H, et al. High expression of cereblon (CRBN) is associated with improved clinical response in patients with multiple myeloma treated with lenalidomide and dexamethasone. Br. J. Haematol. 2013; 161:695-700.