

S1PR2 Antibody
Catalog # ASC11940**Specification****S1PR2 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, IF, E
Primary Accession	O95136
Other Accession	NP_004221 , 9294
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	Predicted: 39 kDa

Application Notes

Observed: 50 kDa KDa
S1PR2 antibody can be used for detection of S1PR2 by Western blot at 1 - 2 µg/ml. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry at 10 µg/ml.

S1PR2 Antibody - Additional InformationGene ID **9294****Target/Specificity**

S1PR2 antibody was raised against an 16 amino acid peptide near the carboxy terminus of human S1PR2.

The immunogen is located within amino acids 270 - 320 of S1PR2.

Reconstitution & Storage

S1PR2 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.

Precautions

S1PR2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

S1PR2 Antibody - Protein Information**Name** S1PR2**Synonyms** EDG5**Function**

Receptor for the lysosphingolipid sphingosine 1-phosphate (S1P) (PubMed:10617617, PubMed:25274307). S1P is a bioactive lysophospholipid that elicits diverse physiological effects on most types of cells and tissues (PubMed:10617617). When expressed in rat HTC4 hepatoma cells, is capable of mediating S1P-induced cell proliferation and suppression of apoptosis (PubMed:10617617). Receptor for

the chemokine-like protein FAM19A5 (PubMed:29453251). Mediates the inhibitory effect of FAM19A5 on vascular smooth muscle cell proliferation and migration (By similarity). In lymphoid follicles, couples the binding of S1P to the activation of GNA13 and downstream inhibition of AKT activation leading to suppression of germinal center (GC) B cell growth and migration outside the GC niche.

Cellular Location

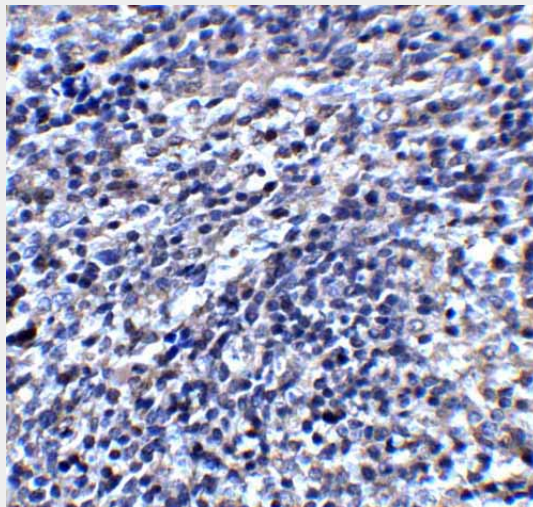
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

S1PR2 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

S1PR2 Antibody - Images



Immunohistochemistry of ORAI3 in mouse spleen tissue with ORAI3 antibody at 2 µg/mL.

S1PR2 Antibody - Background

The Sphingosine 1-phosphate receptor 2 (S1PR2) protein was initially identified as G-protein coupled receptor thought to be involved in development (1) and was found to mediate sphingosine 1-phosphate (SPP)-induced cell rounding and neurite retraction (2). S1PR2 and the related protein S1PR3 (also known as EDG3) are also thought to mediate the SPP-induced cell proliferation, survival, and related signaling events (3). S1PR2 has also been found to be key regulator in acute vascular inflammation and may be a novel therapeutic target for vascular disorders (4).

S1PR2 Antibody - References

MacLennan AJ, Browe CS, Gaskin AA, et al. Cloning and characterization of a putative G-protein coupled receptor potentially involved in development. *Mol. Cell Neurosci.* 1994; 5:201-9.

Van Brocklyn JR, Tu Z, Edsall LC, et al. Sphingosine 1-phosphate-induced cell rounding and neurite retraction are mediated by the G protein-coupled receptor H218. *J. Biol. Chem.* 1999; 274:4626-32.

An S, Zheng Y, and Bleu T. Sphingosine 1-phosphate-induced cell proliferation, survival, and related signaling events mediated by G protein-coupled receptors Edg3 and Edg5. *J. Biol. Chem.* 275:288-96.

Zhang G, Yang L, Kim GS, et al. Critical role of sphingosine-1-phosphate receptor 2 (S1PR2) in acute vascular inflammation. *Blood* 2013; 122:443-55.