

### IL-33 Antibody [12B3C4]

Catalog # ASC12001

## Specification

# IL-33 Antibody [12B3C4] - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IF, E

Primary Accession <u>095760</u>

Other Accession
Reactivity
NP\_254274, 15559209
Human, Mouse

Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Isotype IgG1

Calculated MW Predicted: 30 kDa (recombinant protein)

Observed: 30 kDa KDa

Application Notes

IL-33 antibody can be used for the detection of IL-33 by Western blot at 1 µg/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 5 µg/mL.

For immunofluorescence start at 20 μg/mL.

## IL-33 Antibody [12B3C4] - Additional Information

Gene ID 90865

**Target/Specificity** 

II 33:

### **Reconstitution & Storage**

IL-33 monoclonal antibody can be stored at -20°C, stable for one year.

### **Precautions**

IL-33 Antibody [12B3C4] is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## IL-33 Antibody [12B3C4] - Protein Information

Name IL33 (HGNC:16028)

Synonyms C9orf26, IL1F11, NFHEV

#### **Function**

Cytokine that binds to and signals through the IL1RL1/ST2 receptor which in turn activates NF-kappa-B and MAPK signaling pathways in target cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16286016" target="\_blank">16286016</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19841166" target="\_blank">19841166</a>). Involved in the maturation of Th2 cells inducing the secretion of T-helper type 2- associated cytokines (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17853410" target="\_blank">17853410</a>/a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18836528" target="\_blank">18836528</a>).



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Also involved in activation of mast cells, basophils, eosinophils and natural killer cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17853410" target="\_blank">17853410</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18836528" target="\_blank">18836528</a>). Acts as an enhancer of polarization of alternatively activated macrophages (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19841166" target="\_blank">19841166</a>). Acts as a chemoattractant for Th2 cells, and may function as an 'alarmin', that amplifies immune responses during tissue injury (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17853410" target="\_blank">17853410</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18836528" target="\_blank">18836528</a>). Induces rapid UCP2-dependent mitochondrial rewiring that attenuates the generation of reactive oxygen species and preserves the integrity of Krebs cycle required for persistent production of itaconate and subsequent GATA3-dependent differentiation of inflammation-resolving alternatively activated macrophages (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Chromosome. Cytoplasm Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle Secreted Note=Secreted and released in the extracellular milieu by passing through the gasdermin-D (GSDMD) pore following cleavage by CELA1 (PubMed:35794369). Associates with heterochromatin and mitotic chromosomes (PubMed:17185418). The secretion is dependent on protein unfolding and facilitated by the cargo receptor TMED10; it results in protein translocation from the cytoplasm into the ERGIC (endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment) followed by vesicle entry and secretion (PubMed:32272059).

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed at high level in high endothelial venules found in tonsils, Peyer patches and mesenteric lymph nodes. Almost undetectable in placenta.

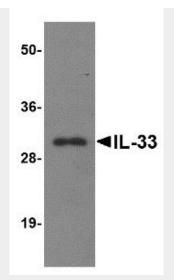
#### IL-33 Antibody [12B3C4] - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

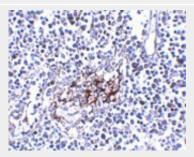
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### IL-33 Antibody [12B3C4] - Images

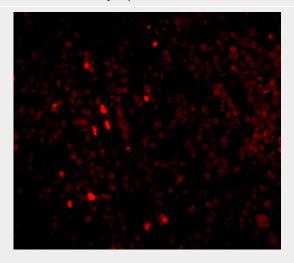




Western blot analysis of IL-33 using 125ng of recombinant IL-33 with IL-33 antibody at 1  $\mu$ g/mL.



Immunohistochemistry of IL-33 in human lymph node tissue with IL-33 antibody at 5 μg/mL.



Immunofluorescence of IL-33 in human lymph node tissue with IL-33 antibody at 20 µg/mL.

## IL-33 Antibody [12B3C4] - Background

IL-33 Monoclonal Antibody: Interleukin-33 (IL-33) is a recently identified member of the IL-1 family of cytokines whose other members include IL-1 $\alpha$ β, IL-1Ra and IL-18. Its receptor has been shown to be ST2, an IL-1 receptor family member that also acts as a negative regulator of TLR-IL-1R signaling and IL-1R accessory protein (IL-1RAcP). Receptor binding of IL-33 activates NF- $\kappa$ B and MAP kinases and induces the expression of TH2-associated cytokines such as IL-4, IL-5 and IL-6. Prolonged IL-33 treatment of mice led to the development of eosinophilia, splenomegaly, and severe pathological changes in mucosal organs such as lungs, esophagus and small intestine. Recent experiments have





shown that IL-33 can also co-localize with heterochromatin and possesses transcriptional repressor activities, indicating that IL-33 may function as both a proinflammatory cytokine and an intracellular nuclear factor with transcriptional regulatory properties.

## IL-33 Antibody [12B3C4] - References

Schmitz J, Owyang A, Oldham E, et al. IL-33, and interleukin-1-like cytokine that signals via the IL-1 receptor-related protein ST2 and induces T helper type 2-associated cytokines. Immunity 2005; 23:479-90.

Dinarello CA. Interleukin-18, a proinflammatory cytokine. Eur. Cytokine Netw. 2000; 11:483-6. Brint EK, Xu D, Liu H, et al. ST2 is an inhibitor of interleukin 1 receptor and Toll-like receptor 4 signaling and maintains endotoxin tolerance. Nat. Immunol. 2004; 5:373-9. Chackerian AA, Oldham ER, Murphy EE, et al. IL-1 receptor accessory protein and ST2 comprise the

IL-33 receptor complex. J. Immunol. 2007; 179:2551-5.