

PDL2 Antibody [7C1]

Catalog # ASC12133

Specification

PDL2 Antibody [7C1] - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession
Other Accession
Host
Clonality
Monoclonal
Isotype
P9BQ51
NP_079515
Mouse
Monoclonal
IgG2b

Calculated MW Predicted: 30 kDa

Observed: 38 kDa KDa

PDL2 Antibody [7C1] - Additional Information

Gene ID 80380
Alias Symbol PDCD1LG2

Other Names

PD-L2 Antibody: B7DC, Btdc, PDL2, CD273, PD-L2, PDCD1L2, bA574F11.2, B7DC, Programmed cell death 1 ligand 2, Butyrophilin B7-DC, PD-1 ligand 2

Reconstitution & Storage

PD-L2 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Precautions

PDL2 Antibody [7C1] is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PDL2 Antibody [7C1] - Protein Information

PDL2 Antibody [7C1] - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture



PDL2 Antibody [7C1] - Images

PDL2 Antibody [7C1] - Background

PD-L2 Antibody: Cell-mediated immune responses are initiated by T lymphocytes that are themselves stimulated by co gnate peptides bound to MHC molecules on antigen-presenting cells (APC). T-cell activation is generally self-limited as activated T cells express receptors such as PD-1 (also known as PDCD-1) that mediate inhibitory signals from the APC. PD-1 can bind two different but related ligands, PD-L1 and PD-L2, both of which are thought act as a negative regulator of T cell activation. However, it has been suggested that PD-L2 can act to stimulate an immunogenic response through and alternative receptor from PD-1.

PDL2 Antibody [7C1] - References

Holling TM, Schooten E, and van Den Elsing PJ. Function and regulation of MHC class II molecules in T-lymphocytes: of mice and men. Hum. Immunol. 2004; 65:282-90.Ishida Y, Agata Y, Shibahara K, et al. Induced expression of PD-1, a novel member of the immunoglobulin gene superfamily, upon programmed cell death. EMBO J. 1992; 11:3887-95.LaGier J and Pober JS. Immune accessory functions of human endothelial cells are modulated by overexpression of B7-H1 (PDL1). Hum. Immunol. 2006; 67:568-78.Zhang Y, Chung Y, Bishop C, et al. Regulation of T cell activation and tolerance by PDL2. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 2006; 103:11695-700.