

SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) Spike L452R Antibody (Delta Variant)
Infectious Disease, COVID-19
Catalog # ASC12211**Specification****SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) Spike L452R Antibody (Delta Variant) - Product Information**

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Application | WB, E |
| Primary Accession | P0DTC2 |
| Other Accession | QHD43416 |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Application Notes | WB: 1 µg/mL. Antibody validated: Western Blot in human samples. Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Spike L452R (Delta Variant) antibody specifically detects SARS-CoV-2 Delta Variant (B.1.617.2) Spike S1 protein, but not SARS-CoV-2 WT and other variant Spike S1 proteins by ELISA. All other applications and species not yet tested. |

SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) Spike L452R Antibody (Delta Variant) - Additional Information

| | |
|--|----------|
| Gene ID | 43740568 |
| Alias Symbol | S |
| Other Names | |
| SARS-CoV-2 Spike 156-157EF antibody: Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2), Surface Glycoprotein, Spike protein | |

Target/Specificity

It can only detect SARS-CoV-2 Delta Variant (B.1.617.2) Spike S1 protein and does not cross-react with the spike protein of other variants.

Reconstitution & Storage

SARS-CoV-2 Spike Delta Variant antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Precautions

SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) Spike L452R Antibody (Delta Variant) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) Spike L452R Antibody (Delta Variant) - Protein Information

Name S {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099}

Function

[Spike protein S1]: Attaches the virion to the cell membrane by interacting with host receptor, initiating the infection. The major receptor is host ACE2 (PubMed:32142651, PubMed:32155444, PubMed:33607086). When S2/S2' has been cleaved, binding to the receptor triggers direct fusion at the cell membrane (PubMed:34561887). When S2/S2' has not been cleaved, binding to the receptor results in internalization of the virus by endocytosis using host TFRC and GRM2 and leading to fusion of the virion membrane with the host endosomal membrane (PubMed:32075877, PubMed:32221306, PubMed:34903715, PubMed:36779763). Alternatively, may use NRP1/NRP2 (PubMed:33082294, PubMed:33082293) and integrin as entry receptors (PubMed:35150743). The use of NRP1/NRP2 receptors may explain the tropism of the virus in human olfactory epithelial cells, which express these molecules at high levels but ACE2 at low levels (PubMed:33082293). The stalk domain of S contains three hinges, giving the head unexpected orientational freedom (PubMed:32817270).

Cellular Location

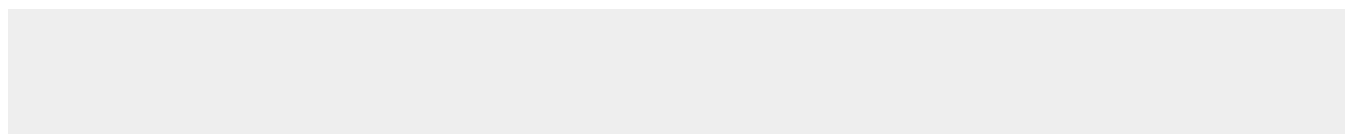
Virion membrane {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099, ECO:0000269|PubMed:32979942}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099, ECO:0000269|PubMed:34504087}. Host endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment membrane {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099, ECO:0000269|PubMed:34504087}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099}. Host cell membrane {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099, ECO:0000269|PubMed:34504087}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099}. Note=Accumulates in the endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment, where it participates in virus particle assembly. Some S oligomers are transported to the host plasma membrane, where they may mediate cell-cell fusion (PubMed:34504087). An average of 26 +/-15 S trimers are found randomly distributed at the surface of the virion (PubMed:32979942) {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099, ECO:0000269|PubMed:32979942, ECO:0000269|PubMed:34504087}

SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) Spike L452R Antibody (Delta Variant) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) Spike L452R Antibody (Delta Variant) - Images



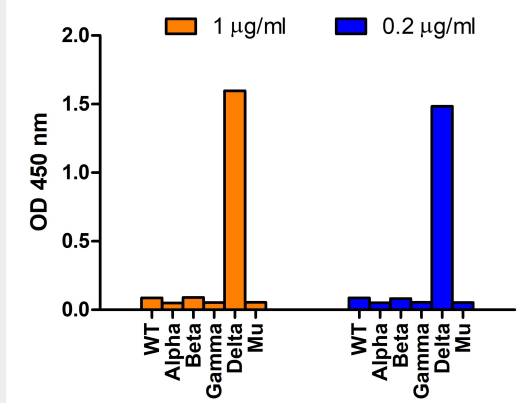


Figure 1 SARS-CoV-2 Spike L452R (Delta Variant) Antibodies Specifically Detect Delta Variant Spike S1 Protein in an ELISA

Coating Antigen: SARS-CoV-2 spike S1 proteins WT, alpha variant (B.1.1.7), beta variant (B.1.351), gamma variant (P.1), delta variant (B.1.617.2), and mu variant (B.1.621), 1 µg/mL, incubated at 4 °C overnight. Detection Antibodies: SARS-CoV-2 Delta Variant Spike antibody, 9463, dilution: 200 and 1000 ng/mL, incubated at RT for 1 hr. Secondary Antibodies: Goat anti-rabbit HRP at 1:20,000, incubated at RT for 1 hr.

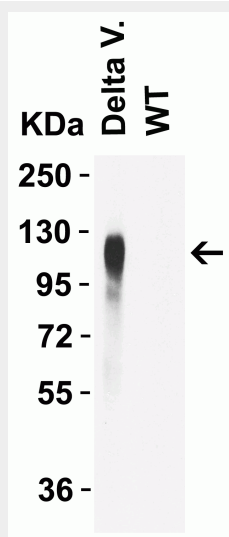


Figure 2 WB Validation of of Delta Variant Spike Antibodies with SARS-CoV-2 Delta Variant Spike S1 Protein

Loading: 50 ng of SARS-CoV-2 spike S1 proteins, including WT and Delta variant (B.1.617.2). Detection Antibodies: SARS-CoV-2 Delta Variant Spike antibody, 9463, 1 µg/mL, incubated at RT for 1 hr. Secondary Antibodies: Goat anti-rabbit HRP at 1:20,000, incubated at RT for 1 hr. **SARS-CoV-2 Delta Variant Spike antibody (9463) specifically detects Delta variant spike S1 protein, but not WT spike S1 protein (10-300).**

SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) Spike L452R Antibody (Delta Variant) - Background

SARS-CoV-2 delta variant, a variant of concern (VOC), known as B.1.617.2, was detected in India in October of 2020. However, it rapidly spread all over of the world and now it is the dominant variant in the world, which account for more than 99% of the cases. This variant carries at least 13 mutations in spike protein across the sub lineages, including L452R, D614G, P681R and K417N, which can increase the affinity to the human ACE2 receptor. Enhanced transmission of the Delta variant was observed globally, which is at least 2.5 times more contagious as the other variants. The Delta variant affects the effectiveness of COVID19 vaccine and is resistant to neutralization to some extent.

SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) Spike L452R Antibody (Delta Variant) - References

Zhang et al. JAMA 2021, 325 (13): 1324-26.
Reardon. Nature 2021.
Delphine. Nature 2021, 596 (7871): 276-280.