

### SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) ORF3a Antibody

Infectious Disease, COVID-19
Catalog # ASC12217

### **Specification**

# SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) ORF3a Antibody - Product Information

Application IHC, E
Primary Accession PODTC3
Other Accession PODTC3
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype IgG

Application Notes IHC: 0.2 μg/mL

Antibody validated: Immunohistochemistry in human samples. Antibody validated: SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) ORF3a antibody can detect 2 ng of free peptide at 1 µg/mL in ELISA. All other applications and species

not yet tested.

### SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) ORF3a Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 43740569

**Other Names** 

ORF3a protein, Accessory protein 3a, Protein 3a, Protein U274, Protein X1, ORF3a

#### **Reconstitution & Storage**

SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) ORF3a antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

### **Precautions**

SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) ORF3a Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) ORF3a Antibody - Protein Information

### Name 3a

#### **Function**

Plays a role in viral egress via lysosomal trafficking (PubMed: <a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33157038" target="\_blank">33157038</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33422265" target="\_blank">33422265</a>). Forms homotetrameric ion channels (viroporins) localized at endosomes and lysosomes, that may induce deacidification of lysosomes, allowing safe egress of virions via lysosomal trafficking (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33157038" target="\_blank">33157038</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33422265" target="\_blank">33422265</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34158638" target="\_blank">34158638</a>). Also blocks



autolysosome formation by binding and sequestering the host component VPS39 for homotypic fusion and protein sorting (HOPS) on late endosomes (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33422265" target="\_blank">33422265</a>). This prevents fusion of autophagosomes with lysosomes, disrupting autophagy and facilitating virus egress (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33422265"

target="\_blank">33422265</a>). Induces host RETREG1/FAM134B-dependent reticulophagy by interacting with host HMGB1 and enhancing the association between HMGB1 and host BECN1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35239449" target="\_blank">35239449</a>). This induces endoplasmic reticulum stress and inflammatory responses and facilitates viral infection (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35239449" target=" blank">35239449</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Virion {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P59632}. Host cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P59632, ECO:0000269|PubMed:33060197, ECO:0000269|PubMed:34158638}; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P59632, ECO:0000269|PubMed:34158638}. Host endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi- pass membrane protein. Secreted {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P59632}. Host cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P59632, ECO:0000269|PubMed:33060197}. Host endosome Host lysosome. Note=The cell surface expressed protein can undergo endocytosis. The protein is secreted in association with membranous structures. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P59632}

### SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) ORF3a Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) ORF3a Antibody - Images

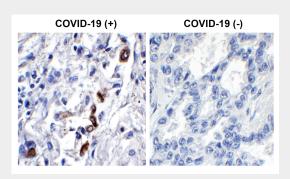
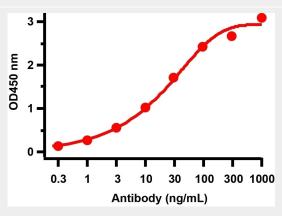


Figure 1 Immunohistochemistry Validation of SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) ORF3a in COVID-19 Patient Lung

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded COVID-19 patient lung tissue using anti-SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) ORF3a antibody (9275, 0.2 µg/mL). Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde and blocked with 10% serum for 1 h at RT; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a citrate buffer (pH6). Samples were incubated with primary antibody overnight at 4°C. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) at 1/250 was used as secondary. Counter stained with Hematoxylin. Strong signal



of SARS-COV-2 ORF3a protein was observed in macrophages of COVID-19 patient lung, but not in non-COVID-19 patient lung.



## **Figure 2 ELISA Validation**

Antibodies: SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) ORF3a Antibody, 9275. A direct ELISA was performed using SARS-CoV-2 ORF3a immunogen peptide (9275P)) as coating antigen and the anti-SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) ORF3a antibody as the capture antibody. Secondary: Goat anti-rabbit IgG HRP conjugate at 1:20000 dilution. Detection range is from 0.3 ng/mL to 1000 ng/mL

## SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) ORF3a Antibody - Background

Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19), formerly known as 2019-nCoV acute respiratory disease, is an infectious disease caused by SARS-CoV-2, a virus closely related to the SARS virus (1). The disease is the cause of the 2019–20 coronavirus outbreak (2). SARS-CoV-2 virus proteins include structural proteins, non-structural proteins and accessory factors. The structure of SARS-CoV-2 consists of the following: a spike protein (S), hemagglutinin-esterease dimer (HE), a membrane glycoprotein (M), an envelope protein (E) a nucleoclapid protein (N) and RNA. SARS-CoV-2 non-structural protein is ORF1ab that consists of 16 proteins (nsp1-nsp16), while accessory factors include ORF3a, ORF3b, ORF6, ORF7a, ORF7b, ORF8, ORF9b, ORF9c and ORF10. ORF3a forms homotetrameric potassium sensitive ion channels (viroporin) and may modulate virus release. It up-regulates expression of fibrinogen subunits FGA, FGB and FGG in host lung epithelial cells. It induces apoptosis in cell culture and downregulates the type 1 interferon receptor by inducing serine phosphorylation within the IFN alpha-receptor subunit 1 (IFNAR1) degradation motif and increasing IFNAR1 ubiquitination (3).

### SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) ORF3a Antibody - References

Gorbalenya. bioRxiv: 2020.;Hui et al. Int J Infect Dis. 2020;91:264-266.;Lu et al. PNAS USA. 2006; 103:12540-12545.